

## Entry point



### Context

#### 103 million refugees and IDPs worldwide

• 4 out of 5 are below poverty line and hosted by developing countries

### Conflicts, economic instability, climate change

- World Bank estimates that **250 million** people will be displaced **by 2050**
- 20 years average of forced displacement

- Economic resilience and self-reliance interventions
- Strengthening capacity as core market actors

## Key challenge: thin market

#### **MSMEs**

- Limited supply side capacity
- Weak market integration
- Legal status

#### Market and business ecosystems

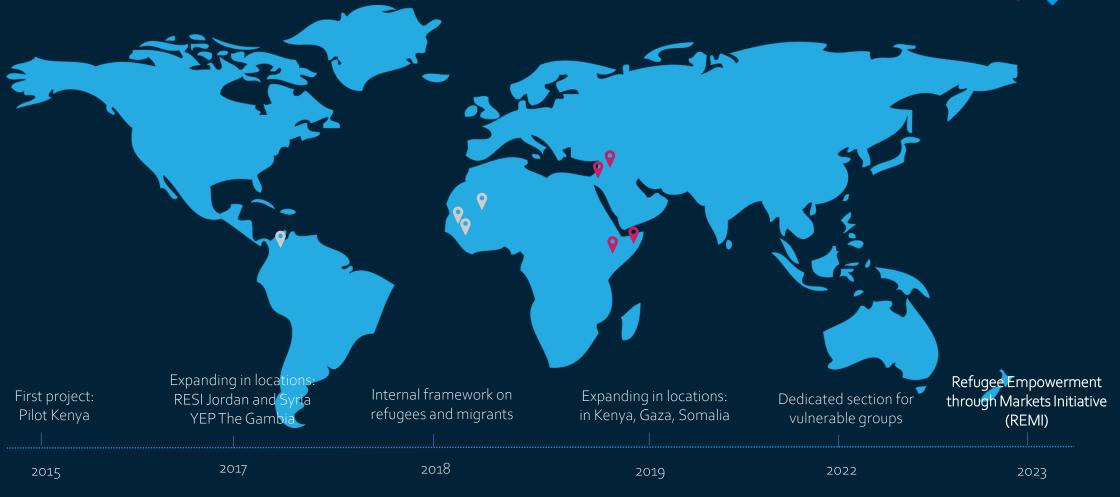
- Humanitarian, aid-reliance
- Limited access to / service offering by BSOs, Fls and private sector actors

#### Economic and business policy

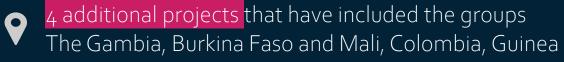
Low investment, high trade related costs

## Activities since 2015



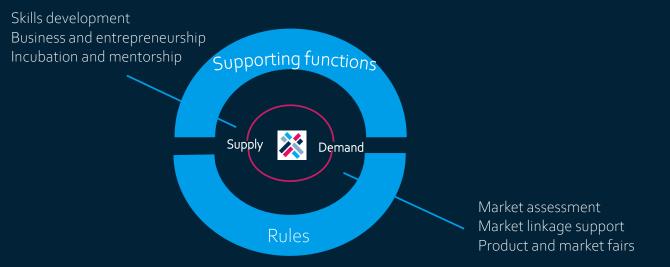






# Taking stock





#### Example RESI / Kenya

Focus: Over 700 people directly supported

Income: Over \$500,000 generated

Social impact: Gender equality, women empowerment, youth leadership

System influencing: Adoption of market-based approach by local actors

### Lessons learned

#### Systems-wide approach

- Firm vs. broader level engagement
- Direct vs. indirect role

#### Programmatic structure

- Organizational knowledge building
- SOPs and guidelines (market interventions in FCAS, conflict sensitivity analysis)

#### Tapping into ITC tools

- SheTrades, YE!, EFI, A4A, EcomConnect
- Trade and market intelligence

### Strategic and operational partnerships

- Global and in-country network
- Private sector buy-in
- Donor flexibility

### Vision



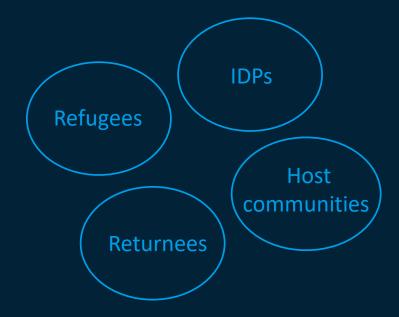








# An inclusive market-based approach focused on:



- Refugees, IDPs, returnees and MSMEs in host communities enabled to access and participate in markets
- Private sector partners, BSOs and Fls strengthened to service target groups and integrate them in market systems
- Livelihood improved in target communities as a result of increased business and income opportunities

# 5 Pillars of work



Models of support to BSOs, Fls and private sector actors

Strengthening ecosystems actors/

Direct delivery of

**P5** 

Partnerships

support

Refugee and displacement-inclusive business and trade policies and regulations

 Research and analysis on trade in displacement and FCAS

 Results and learning across ITC to strengthen displacement disaggregated data P4
Research,
Innovation, and
Knowledge
Management

Scale existing model

Policy advocacy

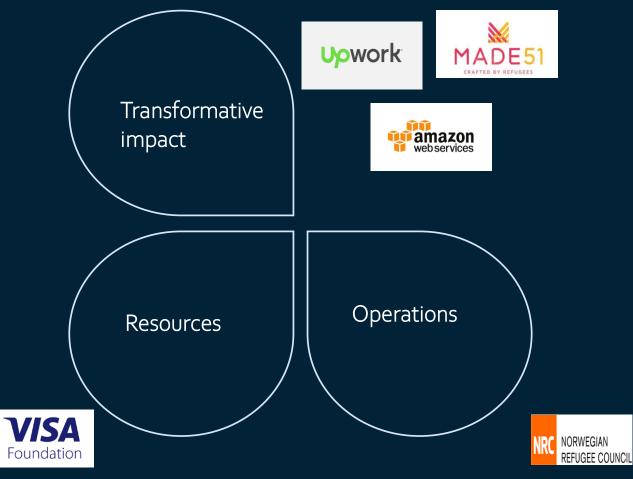
- New and differentiated services for refugees, IDPs and returnees
- Direct support to demonstrate

Resource mobilization

- Operational feasibility
- Transformative impact

# Strategic partnerships







Young Africa

Works

mastercard

**Sida** 







Kenya and Pakistan

<u>Sector/focus</u>: Digital value chain/Women and youth participation

<u>Client</u>: Refugee and host communities Approach: Direct Delivery/Ecosystems

\$1 million - Visa Foundation

#### Rwanda

Sector: Horticultural products/Sustainable and inclusive youth

employment

<u>Client</u>: Refugee and host communities

Approach: Ecosystems/Advocacy \$925k - Mastercard Foundation

#### Kenya

Sector: Artisanal value chain

<u>Client:</u> Refugee and host communities Approach: Direct Delivery/Ecosystems

\$5.6 million - KOICA

#### Nigeria (under discussion)

<u>Sector</u>: Entrepreneurship and employment/Youth economic reintegration

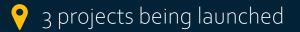
Client: Returnees

Approach: Direct Delivery/Ecosystems

\$1.35 million — EU and Germany

### 6 projects in 5 new locations





1 project under discussion



#### Ukraine

<u>Sector</u>: Digital service/women focus

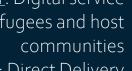
Sector: Digital service <u>Client</u>: Refugees and host

\$611k - Government of Japan

Sector: Digital service Client: Women, youth and IDPs Approach: Direct Delivery \$289k Government of Japan







Approach: Direct Delivery









Expand and scale private sector engagement



Inclusive market systems development



World Refugee Day: Project launch and event on 22 June, 2023 11 am @ITC