# Mauritius

## Key indicators

Population (millions)	1.3
GDP (\$ billions)	11.7
GDP per capita (\$)	9321.6
Share of world GDP (PPP\$, %)	0.0
Current account surplus/deficit, share of GDP (%)	-4.3
Tariff preference margin (percentage points)	13.0
Imports and exports (goods and services), share of GI	OP (%) 103.0
Services exports, share of total exports (%)	51.9
Geographic region	Africa
Country group	SIDS
Income group	Jpper-middle income

# SME Competitiveness Grid Summary

Average scores [0-100]		Compete	Connect	Change			
FIRM CAPABILITIES	Small	31.9	23.0	41.8			
	Medium	54.8	46.0	62.3			
THUM ON THE PROPERTY.	Large	60.3	73.3	81.2			
	All	41.3	30.3	52.6			
BUSINESS ECOSYSTEM	49.1 60.9		26.7				
NATIONAL ENVIRONME	67.4 70.9		54.7				
Reference level: 56.0 (a function of GDP per capita)							
Weaknesses are scores	below: 28.0	Strengths are s	Weaknesses are scores below: 28.0 Strengths are scores above: 84.0				

# SME Competitiveness Grid

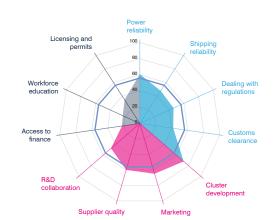
### FIRM CAPABILITIES (Normalized scores)

Compete	Small	Medium	Large	All
International quality certificate	23.2	41.7	58.8	32.9
Bank account	55.3	74.5	62.1	59.0
Capacity utilization	9.8	40.1	54.6	25.4
Managerial experience	39.4	63.0	65.7	47.9
Connect				
E-mail	22.1	49.0	87.8	29.3
Firm website	23.9	43.1	58.9	31.2
Change				
Audited financial statement	38.3	74.6	90.9	52.1
Investment financed by banks	80.6	69.6	76.3	77.0
Formal training programme	20.3	48.4	83.4	33.1
Foreign technology licences	28.1	56.4	74.4	48.3

# Training Bank financing Financial audits Capacity utilization Managerial experience

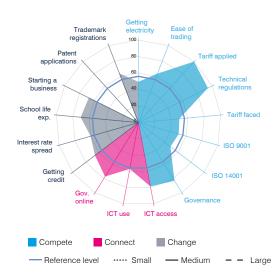
## **BUSINESS ECOSYSTEM** (Normalized scores)

Compete	Small	Medium	Large	All
Power reliability	64.0	52.3	73.3	60.9
Domestic shipping reliability	66.6	35.2	50.0	47.9
Dealing with regulations	46.0	45.2	51.6	46.0
Customs clearance efficiency	43.0	45.1	32.7	41.8
Connect				
State of cluster development				71.8
Extent of marketing				65.0
Local supplier quality				59.9
University-industry collaboration in R&D				47.1
Change				
Access to finance	17.6	27.6	48.0	22.3
Access to educated workforce	29.6	9.2	21.0	23.1
Business licensing and permits	36.3	26.1	51.4	34.8



## NATIONAL ENVIRONMENT (Normalized scores)

Compete	All
Getting electricity	49.4
Ease of trading across borders	63.7
Applied tariff, trade-weighted average	100.0
Prevalence of technical regulations	94.1
Faced tariff, trade-weighted average	49.8
Logistics performance index	-
ISO 9001 quality certificates	50.8
ISO 14001 environmental certificates	48.6
Governance index	83.0
Connect	
ICT access	78.7
ICT use	57.1
Government's online service	77.0
Change	
Ease of getting credit	66.1
Interest rate spread	60.4
School life expectancy	70.4
Ease of starting a business	67.2
Patent applications	0.0
Trademark registrations	63.9



**Note:** Scores range from 0 to 100, a higher score indicates a better outcome. Series with missing data are indicated as (-) in the tables and omitted from the radar charts. **Source:** World Bank Enterprise Survey (2009) for firm level data; for other sources and methodology see Annex.

## SME Export Potential

Mauritius is an upper-middle income country with a population of 1.3 million and GDP of \$11.7 billion. Goods and services account for 48.1% and 51.9% of exports, respectively.

The country's unrealized potential to increase existing exports lies mainly outside its home region, notably to Europe (see table below). *Prepared or preserved tunas* have an unrealized export potential of nearly \$262 million to Europe. Other products include *men*'s *shirts and trousers of cotton*.

Regarding new export products, Mauritius has diversification opportunities in textile, vehicles, and chemicals with products such as fishing vessels and factory ships for processing or preserving fishery products, dioctyl orthophthalates, and garment parts or clothing accessories. The production of the latter good involves a relatively strong representation of SMEs. Other products identified for diversification include woven fabrics of combed wool.

Small firms in Mauritius perform well in having investments financed by banks. They underperform, however, in capacity utilization, offering formal training programmes to employees, and access to finance. The largest gap between small and large firms lies in using e-mails. The country's national environment scores well in the trade policy-related indicator and the prevalence of technical regulations.

## Unrealized potential: Existing export products

	Value of unrealized potential exports by destination (\$ million)						Development indicators				
Product description	Product code	Exports (\$ million)	Africa	Americas	Asia	Europe	Oceania	Price stability	SME presence	Women employed	Technology
			0 375	0 375	0 375	0 375	0 375	- Pri	SWE	Wor	196
Prepared or preserved tunas, skipjack and Atlantic bonito, whole or in pieces (excluding minced)	160414	323									
T-shirts, singlets and other vests of cotton, knitted or crocheted	610910	169									
Men's or boys' shirts of cotton (excluding knitted or crocheted, nightshirts, singlets and other vests)	620520	167									
Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form (excluding cane and beet sugar	170199	220									
Men's or boys' trousers, bib and brace overalls, breeches and shorts, of cotton (excluding knitted	620342	110									
Diamonds, worked, but not mounted or set (excluding industrial diamonds)	710239	109									
Apparatus for the transmission or reception of voice, images or other data, incl. apparatus for	85XXXb	102									
T-shirts, singlets and other vests of textile materials, knitted or crocheted (excluding cotton)	610990	77									
Raw cane sugar, in solid form, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter	1701XX	86									
Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal other than silver, whether or not plated or	711319	40									

Notes: Unrealized potential table: Top 10 products in decreasing order of unrealized export potential to the world. Exports: Average value over 2011-2015. Price stability, SME presence, and Women employed: Green - performance above a country's trade-weighted mean. Red - the opposite. Technology: Green - transformed products exported by countries at least matching the country's per capita GDP. Red - the opposite. Blank spaces - data not available.

Source: ITC Export Potential Map, http://exportpotential.intracen.org