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ITC aims to assist Japan in creating sustainable trade linkages with the developing world by sourcing good quality products from these growing export markets. This page contains trade performance and investment data as well as highly innovative trade flow trends and analysis specially developed by ITC. This country page also makes use of ITC’s LegaCarta tool, which offers a country-specific analysis of the global multi-lateral rules impacting cross-border trade. You can also find information relating to the organizations working in Japan dedicated to assisting Japanese importers of goods and services from the developing world as well as those organisations hoping to assist developing-country exporters who wish to sell their product or service in Japan.
2. People and Economy

2.1 People

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total population</strong></td>
<td>127,704,040 in 2012 with growth rates of 0.0% p.a during 2008-2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population density</strong></td>
<td>350 in 2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Female population</strong></td>
<td>51.3% in 2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population below 15 years of age</strong></td>
<td>13.1% in 2008 ; 13.5% in 2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Urban population</strong></td>
<td>88.7% in 2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population living below $1.25 a day at purchasing power parity (PPP)</strong></td>
<td>n.a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ranking in the Human Development Index (HDI)</strong></td>
<td>10 out of 186 in 2012</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: United Nations Development Programme Human Development Indicators
Note: The Human Development Index measures the overall development of a nation and ranges from 0 (low level of development) to 1 (highest level of development). The United Nations Development Programme (http://hdr.undp.org) provides a detailed explanation. ITC Regional group refers to ITC definition.

Health
Life expectancy at birth (years) (83); Mortality rate, under-5 (per thousand live births) (3) in 2012

Education
Education index - expected and mean years of schooling (rank) (16 out of 191) in 2012

Income level
N.A

Inequality
N.A

Poverty
N.A

Gender
Gender inequality index (rank) (128 out of 191) in 2012

Sustainability
N.A
2.2 Economy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector added value</th>
<th>2004 US $</th>
<th>%GDP</th>
<th>2008 US $</th>
<th>%GDP</th>
<th>2012 US $</th>
<th>%GDP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture</td>
<td>61,147</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>55,143</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>N.A</td>
<td>N.A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industry</td>
<td>1,340,316</td>
<td>28.9</td>
<td>1,323,266</td>
<td>27.4</td>
<td>N.A</td>
<td>N.A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing</td>
<td>932,729</td>
<td>20.1</td>
<td>954,597</td>
<td>19.8</td>
<td>N.A</td>
<td>N.A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>3,243,164</td>
<td>69.8</td>
<td>3,446,218</td>
<td>71.4</td>
<td>N.A</td>
<td>N.A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: World Bank World Development Indicators (WDI)

Note: Added value is US$ terms are expressed in million, GDP US$, and "6,976 to be read 6'976"

Evolution of GDP (constant 2005 US$)

Source: World Bank World Development Indicators (WDI)

Note: ITC calculations based on the World Bank WDI

Evolution of GDP per capita (constant 2005 US$)

Source: World Bank World Development Indicators (WDI)

Note: ITC calculations based on the World Bank WDI
Aid Dependency
(Official Development Assistance/Gross National Income)

Source: World Bank World Development Indicators (WDI)

Note: ITC calculations based on the World Bank WDI. Regional group refers to ITC definition

Remittances as a Share of GDP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2004</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Remittance ($ millions)</td>
<td>931</td>
<td>1,732</td>
<td>(n.a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remittance (% GDP)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>(n.a)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: World Bank World Development Indicators (WDI)

Note: ITC calculations based on World Bank WDI, IMF BOP statistics, and "6,976 to be read 6'976"
3. Trade Performance

3.1 General Trade Performance

3.1.1 Evolution of Trade Ratio to GDP - Goods

3.1.2 Evolution of Trade Ratio to GDP - Services
3.1.3 Evolution of Total Trade

Evolution of the total import and export of goods of Japan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Imports</th>
<th>Exports</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>833,166</td>
<td>715,097</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>885,644</td>
<td>798,068</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>856,381</td>
<td>823,184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>694,058</td>
<td>768,774</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>551,385</td>
<td>580,718</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.1.4 Trade Map

List of importing markets for a product exported by Japan in 2013
Product: TOTAL - All products

[Map showing trade partners with different share values]
3.1.5 Export and Import by Leading Destination - Export

3.1.6 Export and Import by Leading Destination - Import
3.1.7 Evolution of Exports and Imports by Destination - Export

3.1.8 Evolution of Exports and Imports by Destination - Import
3.1.9 Total Export Growth

Source: ITC, calculations based on ITC’s Trade Competitiveness Map data.
Note: Graph shows decomposition of the country’s export growth in value terms by diversification pattern over the indicated period.

3.1.10 Marginal Export Growth

From 2009 to 2013, the country’s total export in value increased by 23.2%

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Marginal Growth Due to</th>
<th>US$ change</th>
<th>% change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Growth due to world trade’s growth</td>
<td>283,318,524.8</td>
<td>48.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Growth due to product specialisation</td>
<td>-18,885,540.9</td>
<td>-3.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Growth due to geographic specialisation</td>
<td>53,882,233.9</td>
<td>9.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Growth due to competitiveness</td>
<td>-183,936,707.8</td>
<td>-31.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sum of the marginal growths</td>
<td>134,378,510.0</td>
<td>23.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: ITC, calculations based on ITC’s Trade Competitiveness Map data.
Note: Graph shows decomposition of the country’s export growth in value by structural driving effects over the indicated period. Values are in US$ thousands.
3.1.11 Composition of Trade in Services - Export

List of services exported by Japan

Source: ITC Trade Map.

3.1.12 Composition of Trade in Services - Import

List of services imported by Japan

Source: ITC Trade Map.
3.1.13 Evolution of FDI

Evolution of FDI inflow in Japan as % of GDP

Source: ITC based on World Bank IEDI
### 3.2 Sector Trade Performance

#### 3.2.1 Sectoral Diversification in Products - Export

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Average share of sector in country’s exports 2009</th>
<th>Average share of sector in country’s exports 2013</th>
<th>Share of top-3 detailed products (HS6) in sector’s exports</th>
<th>Sector’s leading exported product HS6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transport equipment</td>
<td>32.5%</td>
<td>48.1%</td>
<td>56.6%</td>
<td>827090 Automobiles w reciprocating piston engine displ. &gt; 150 to 3000 cc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-electronic machinery</td>
<td>17.0%</td>
<td>19.6%</td>
<td>17.7%</td>
<td>846399 Parts and accessories of printers, copiers, machines an bizarmie mach</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemicals</td>
<td>13.4%</td>
<td>29.2%</td>
<td>27.6%</td>
<td>854236 Electronic integrated circuits (excl. such as processors, controllers)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Textiles</td>
<td>12.2%</td>
<td>11.9%</td>
<td>13.0%</td>
<td>250631 Pajamas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous manufacturing</td>
<td>10.2%</td>
<td>13.6%</td>
<td>13.1%</td>
<td>746311 Copper cathodes and sections of cathodes unwrought</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unclassified products</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>676508 Commodities not elsewhere specified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT &amp; consumer electronics</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
<td>56.4%</td>
<td>51.6%</td>
<td>854236 Televisions, cameras, digital cameras and video camera receptors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minerals</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>17.8%</td>
<td>19.7%</td>
<td>270138 Other petroleum oils and preparations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Textiles</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
<td>17.4%</td>
<td>15.4%</td>
<td>446711 Woven fabrics &gt;50% non-textured polyester filament</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waxed wood</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>5.3%</td>
<td>3.6%</td>
<td>469048 Sanitary articles of paper incl towel paper &amp; toilet tissue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Processed food</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>33.5%</td>
<td>32.2%</td>
<td>665436 Molasses and other aqueous invertebrates prepared or preserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh food</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>608728 Molasses, non-shielded, not aquatic invertebrate brew, misc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leather products</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>40.1%</td>
<td>43.9%</td>
<td>614731 Full-grain leather excl. parchment dressed leather, cut of the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clothing</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>30.0%</td>
<td>35.3%</td>
<td>656431 Safety helmet, rex</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: HS codes refer to the section 2007.

Data in sectoral tables are not exhaustive specified.

---

### 3.2.2 Sectoral Diversification in Products - Import

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Average share of sector in country’s imports 2009</th>
<th>Average share of sector in country’s imports 2013</th>
<th>Share of top-3 detailed products (HS6) in sector’s imports</th>
<th>Sector’s leading imported product HS6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minerals</td>
<td>36.8%</td>
<td>73.4%</td>
<td>74.7%</td>
<td>270300 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous mines crude</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemicals</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>23.6%</td>
<td>26.1%</td>
<td>200400 Medicaments, nes. in dosage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT &amp; consumer electronics</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>27.4%</td>
<td>47.2%</td>
<td>461712 Telephones for cellular networks mobile telephones of other winter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electronic components</td>
<td>6.8%</td>
<td>39.1%</td>
<td>34.2%</td>
<td>645239 Electronic integrated circuits (excl. such as processors, controllers)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous manufacturing</td>
<td>6.8%</td>
<td>11.1%</td>
<td>11.4%</td>
<td>901820 Textiles and textiles used in medical or veterinary sciences, nes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh food</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>21.9%</td>
<td>20.2%</td>
<td>100030 Mace (non-nes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic manufactures</td>
<td>5.2%</td>
<td>21.3%</td>
<td>19.7%</td>
<td>706110 Aluminium unwrought, not alloyed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-electronic machinery</td>
<td>4.6%</td>
<td>18.7%</td>
<td>16.1%</td>
<td>441191 Parts of tarubs and turbo-propellers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clothing</td>
<td>4.0%</td>
<td>18.9%</td>
<td>17.1%</td>
<td>613930 Pillows, carriages and similar articles of max-made fibres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Processed food</td>
<td>3.9%</td>
<td>23.6%</td>
<td>23.2%</td>
<td>269130 Cigarettes containing tobacco</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport equipment</td>
<td>3.6%</td>
<td>42.7%</td>
<td>42.2%</td>
<td>870330 Automobiles w reciprocating piston engine displ. &gt; 150 to 3000 cc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wood products</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td>33.9%</td>
<td>34.1%</td>
<td>440735 Lumber, coniferous (softwood) 6 mm and thicker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unclassified products</td>
<td>1.6%</td>
<td>97.6%</td>
<td>98.1%</td>
<td>699990 Commodities not elsewhere specified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leather products</td>
<td>1.3%</td>
<td>47.7%</td>
<td>46.2%</td>
<td>620312 Containers, with outer surface of sheeting of plst or tex. materials, nes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Textiles</td>
<td>1.0%</td>
<td>33.7%</td>
<td>24.9%</td>
<td>630700 Made up articles, of textile materials, nes, including dresses</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: HS codes refer to the section 2007.

Data in sectoral tables are not exhaustive specified.
### 3.2.3 Sectoral Diversification in Destinations - Export

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Sector's import growth in value (% p.a. 2009-2013)</th>
<th>Share of top 3 supplying countries in sector's imports</th>
<th>List of the top 3 supplying countries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2009</td>
<td>2013</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minerals</td>
<td>15.9</td>
<td>44.8</td>
<td>42.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-electronic machinery</td>
<td>15.4</td>
<td>66.0</td>
<td>61.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport equipment</td>
<td>15.4</td>
<td>66.0</td>
<td>61.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT &amp; consumable electronics</td>
<td>11.3</td>
<td>72.2</td>
<td>81.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic manufactures</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>50.6</td>
<td>51.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electronic components</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>60.4</td>
<td>62.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-electronic machinery</td>
<td>8.2</td>
<td>63.5</td>
<td>61.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemicals</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>42.2</td>
<td>44.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wood products</td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>40.5</td>
<td>41.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.2.4 Sectoral Diversification in Destinations - Import

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Sector’s import growth in value (% p.a. 2009-2013)</th>
<th>Share of top 3 supplying countries in sector’s imports</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2009</td>
<td>2013</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minerals</td>
<td>15.9</td>
<td>44.8</td>
<td>42.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-electronic machinery</td>
<td>15.4</td>
<td>66.0</td>
<td>61.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport equipment</td>
<td>15.4</td>
<td>66.0</td>
<td>61.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT &amp; consumable electronics</td>
<td>11.3</td>
<td>72.2</td>
<td>81.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic manufactures</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>50.6</td>
<td>51.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electronic components</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>60.4</td>
<td>62.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-electronic machinery</td>
<td>8.2</td>
<td>63.5</td>
<td>61.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemicals</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>42.2</td>
<td>44.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wood products</td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>40.5</td>
<td>41.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.2.5 Sectors by World Demand - Export

Growth of national supply and international demand for the products exported by Japan in 2013

3.2.6 Sectors by World Demand - Import

Growth of national demand and international supply for the products imported by Japan in 2013

The country imports have increased
3.2.7 Trade Performance Index

The figure displays the change in the country’s global rankings among other countries that export the same category of products. The current figure and change in world market share index are the world country ranking for the sector under review. Only sectors with more than 1% of total export are considered.
4. Trade Strategy and Policy

4.1 Trade and Development Strategies
### 4.2 Domestic and Foreign Market Access

#### Overview: Trade Policy and Business Environment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INDICATOR, UNITS</th>
<th>RANK/132</th>
<th>SCORE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Market Access</td>
<td>The pillar assesses the level and complexity of a country’s tariff protection as a result of its trade policy. This component includes the effective trade-weighted average tariff applied by a country, the share of goods imported duty free and the complexity of the tariff regime, measured through tariff variance, the prevalence of tariff peaks and specific tariffs, and the number of distinct tariffs.</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Market Access</td>
<td>The pillar assesses tariff barriers faced by a country’s exporters in destination markets. It includes the average tariffs faced by the country as well as the margin of preference in destination markets negotiated through bilateral or regional trade agreements or granted in the form of trade preferences.</td>
<td>138</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tariff rate (%)</td>
<td>This indicator is calculated as a trade-weighted average of all the applied tariff rates, including preferential rates that a country applies to the rest of the world. The weights are the trade patterns of the importing country’s reference group (2012 data). An applied tariff is a customs duty that is levied on imports of merchandise goods.</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complexity of tariffs, index 1-7 (best)</td>
<td>This indicator is calculated as the average of the following indicators: Tariff dispersion, Specific tariffs and Number of distinct tariffs. See description of each individual indicator for more details. Prior to averaging, values for each indicator were transformed to a 1–7 score, using the min-max method.</td>
<td>103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tariffs dispersion (standard deviation)</td>
<td>This indicator reflects differences in tariffs across product categories in a country’s tariff structure. The variance is calculated across all the tariffs on imported merchandise goods, at the 6-digit level of the Harmonized Schedule.</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tariffs peaks (%)</td>
<td>This indicator is the ratio of the number of tariff lines exceeding three times the average domestic tariff (across all products) to the MFN (most-favoured nation) tariff schedule. The tariff schedule is equal to the total number of tariff lines for each country. These tariffs are revised on a yearly basis.</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific tariffs (%)</td>
<td>This indicator is the ratio of the number of Harmonized System (HS) tariff lines, with at least one specific tariff, to the total number of HS tariff lines. A specific tariff is a tariff rate charged on fixed amount per quantity (as opposed to ad valorem).</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of distinct tariffs</td>
<td>This indicator reflects the number of distinct tariff rates applied by a country to its imports across all sectors.</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share of duty-free imports (%)</td>
<td>Share of trade, excluding petroleum, that is imported free of tariff duties, taking into account MFN tariffs and preferential agreements. Tariff data is from 2013 or most recent year available and imports data is from 2012.</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tariffs faced (%)</td>
<td>This indicator is calculated as the trade-weighted average of the applied tariff rates, including preferential rates that the rest of the world applies to each country. The weights are the trade patterns of the importing country’s reference group (2012 data). A tariff is a customs duty that is levied by the destination country on imports of merchandise goods.</td>
<td>133</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Index of margin of preference in destination markets, 0-100 (best)</td>
<td>This indicator measures the percentage by which particular imports from one country are subject to lower tariffs than the MFN rate. It is calculated as the average of two components: 1) the trade-weighted average difference between the MFN tariff and the most advantageous preferential duty (advantage score), and 2) the ratio of the advantage score to the trade-weighted average MFN tariff level. This allows capturing both the absolute and the relative margin of preference.</td>
<td>138</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Source:** World Economic Forum, Global Enabling Trade Report 2014
4.3 Trade Facilitation

Logistics Performance Index (LPI): Country Comparison

Source: World Bank, Logistics Performance Index (LPI)

Logistics Performance Index – Evolution

Source: World Bank, Logistics Performance Index (LPI)
4.4 Business and Regulatory Environment

Multilateral Trade Instruments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instrument ratified</th>
<th>150 / 266 instruments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ratification rate</td>
<td>56.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weighted score</td>
<td>65.5/100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Abstract

The Trade Treaties Map tool is a web-based system on multilateral trade treaties and instruments designed to assist trade support institutions (TSIs) and policymakers in optimizing their country’s legal framework on international trade.

Instruments ratified

Click here for a full list and more details about these multilateral trade instruments
## 4.5 Infrastructure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Rank/148</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quality of overall infrastructure How would you assess general infrastructure (e.g., transport, telephony, and energy) in your country? 1 = extremely underdeveloped—among the worst in the world; 7 = extensive and efficient—among the best in the world</td>
<td>5.91</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quality of roads How would you assess roads in your country? 1 = extremely underdeveloped; 7 = extensive and efficient by international standards</td>
<td>5.98</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quality of railroad infrastructure How would you assess the railroad system in your country? 1 = extremely underdeveloped; 7 = extensive and efficient by international standards</td>
<td>6.72</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quality of port infrastructure How would you assess port facilities in your country? 1 = extremely underdeveloped; 7 = well-developed and efficient by international standards. For landlocked countries, this measures the ease of access to port facilities and inland waterways</td>
<td>5.24</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quality of air transport infrastructure How would you assess passenger air transport infrastructure in your country? 1 = extremely underdeveloped; 7 = extensive and efficient by international standards</td>
<td>5.43</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individuals using Internet (%) Internet users are people with access to the worldwide network.</td>
<td>110.91</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile telephone subscriptions/100 pop According to the World Bank, mobile cellular telephone subscriptions are subscriptions to a public mobile telephone service using cellular technology, which provides access to switched telephone technology. Postpaid and prepaid subscriptions are included. This can also include analogue and digital cellular systems but should not include non-cellular systems. Subscribers to fixed wireless, public mobile data services, or radio paging services are not included.</td>
<td>79.05</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed broadband Internet subscriptions/100 pop: The International Telecommunication Union considers broadband to be any dedicated connection to the Internet of 256 kilobits per second or faster, in both directions. Broadband subscribers refers to the sum of DSL, cable modem and other broadband (for example, fiber optic, fixed wireless, apartment LANs, satellite connections) subscribers.</td>
<td>27.73</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. ITC and the Country/Territory

5.1 ITC Projects

5.1.1 Current projects

No Current Projects Found!

5.1.2 Recent projects

No Recent Projects Found!
5.2 Events

5.2.1 Upcoming events
No data

5.2.2 Recent events
Tokyo Lifestyle Trade Fair 26/11/2014-Tokyo
Press conference with MARNI and ISETAN 04/12/2013-Tokyo
Conference on ethical fashion at Bunka Art College 30/11/2013-Tokyo
Conference on ethical fashion at Tokyo University 29/11/2013-Tokyo
Press conference with United Arrows 28/11/2013-Tokyo
5.3 ITC Contacts

Xuejun JIANG
Chief, Office for Asia and the Pacific
+41 22 730 0447
jiang@intracen.org
6. Trade Information Sources and Contacts

6.1 Trade Information Sources

This section provides a list of country specific print and online publications on trade-related topics, including both ITC and external sources.

6.1.1 ITC publications

**Gourmet Coffee Project: Adding Value to Green Coffee**

Report on the 'Gourmet Coffee Project' launched in 1997 by the International Coffee Organization (ICO), Common Fund for Commodities (CFC), and International Trade Centre UNCTAD/WTO - describes the specific activities...

Read more

**PACKit Export Product Module : Furniture**

Product profile on wooden furniture and furniture made of similar natural raw materials (bamboo, rattan, etc.) prepared as part of Packaging Kit aimed at small and medium enterprises in developing...

Read more
Marchés mondiaux des fruits et légumes biologiques: Opportunités pour les pays en développement dans la production et l'exportation de produits horticoles biologiques

Etude conjointe FAO-CCI-CTA sur l'agriculture biologique visant à soutenir les pays en développement dans leurs efforts pour diversifier les exportations par le biais de méthodes de production écologiques. Constitue une...

Read more

Mercados mundiales de frutas y verduras orgánicas: Oportunidades para los países en desarrollo en cuanto a la producción y exportación de productos hortícolas orgánicos

Estudio conjunto de la FAO-CCI-CTA sobre los productos hortícolas orgánicos teniendo por objeto ayudar a los países en desarrollo en diversificar las exportaciones a través de métodos de producción agrícola...

Read more

Export Houses: Their Role in Promoting Exports of Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises in Developing Countries

Study of the role of foreign trade enterprises in export promotion of small-scale industry - discusses operations of trading houses in Japan, Korea R, UK, USA; export problems of small...

Read more
Etude sur la soie 2001: Examen des tendances internationales de la production et du commerce. - 6ème ed

Etude mondiale de la production et du commerce de la soie, fil de soie, tissus et vêtements en soie - donne une vue d’ensemble de la production, du commerce international,...

Read more

Wooden Household Furniture: A Study of Major Markets

Market study on wooden household furniture in Belgium, Luxembourg, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, UK and USA - gives world overview, trends in world trade, marketing recommendations; for each country...

Read more

Jus de fruits: étude de certains marchés d’Asie

Etude de marché sur les jus de fruits à Hong Kong (Reg. Adm. Spec. de Chine), au Japon en Coree R et à Singapore. Passe en revue le commerce mondial....

Read more
Jugos de frutas: estudio de determinados mercados de Asia

Estudio sobre el mercado de jugos de fruta en Hong Kong (Reg. Adm. Espec. de China), el Japón, la Corea R y Singapur - proporciona panorama del comercio mundial; para...

International Trade, Marketing and Consumption of Essential Oils

Study prepared for the Asian Symposium on Industrial Utilization of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants, held in Bangkok, 4-9 November, 1996. Provides general overview of essential oils market in European Union;...
World Markets for Organic Fruit and Vegetables: Opportunities for Developing Countries in the Production and Export of Organic Horticultural Products

Joint FAO-ITC-CTA study on organic agriculture aimed at assisting developing countries in diversifying exports through environmentally sound agricultural production methods. Provides a source of information on latest market developments and...

Read more
Marchés internationaux des meubles en bois : Tour d'horizon

Etude considérant les différents aspects des marché des meubles en bois dans les pays suivants : États-Unis, Canada, Chine, Japon, Égypte, ainsi que les pays sélectionnés de l'Union européenne : France,…

Read more

Etude comparative de l’assurance-crédit à l’exportation en Inde et dans certains autres pays


Read more

Comparación de los servicios de seguros de créditos de exportación de la India y de varios países seleccionados

Read more
International Wooden Furniture Markets: A Review

Review of wooden furniture markets in United States, Canada, China, Japan, Egypt, and selected countries in the European Union: France, Germany, Belgium, the Netherlands, Luxembourg, Spain, Italy, Denmark, and Sweden...

Read more


Market survey on cotton T-shirts in European Union (with particular reference to Germany, Netherlands and Sweden), USA and Japan - discusses international textile trade in general terms and in relation...

Read more

Fruit Juices: A Study of Selected Markets in Asia

Market study on fruit juices in Hong Kong (Spec. adm. reg. of China), Japan, Korea R and, Singapore. Gives overview of world trade; for each country reviews supply and demand,...

Read more
Packaging legislation of Japan and its potential impact on export packaging from developing countries

La législation japonaise sur l'emballage et son impact sur les emballages à l'exportation des pays en développement

Legislación del Japón sobre envases y embalajes y su impacto potencial sobre los envases y embalajes de exportación provenientes de los países en desarrollo

Survey of world production and trade of silk, silk yarn, silk fabrics and silk clothing - provides overview of production, international trade, consumption, generic promotion of raw silk and various...

Read more


Market Study on selected wood products (including wooden furniture, builders'joinery and carpentry; carvings, ornamental goods, household utensils, tableware, frames, packing cases and crates, pallets and other wood boards, coopers' products)...

Read more

Mobilising Business for a New APEC Services Agenda

APEC Business Advisory Council (ABAC) report on trade in services - maps services business organizations in Asia-Pacific and calls for business to mobilise resources to advance an enhanced APEC policy...

Read more

6.1.2 Selected printed information sources

- 2007 Sixth World Congress on Seafood Safety, Quality and Trade
• 2006 - Josupeit H The Market for Nile Perch
• 2006 - Korttech-Olesen, Rudy Demand for Organic Products from East Africa
• 2007 Mobile Commerce
• 2004 Comparative Advantage in Thailand and Indonesia and Thailand’s Free Trade Agreements: Potential Diversion of Indonesian Exports
• 2005 Japan: Report on Asparagus
• 2009 Japan. Pet Food
• 2010 Japan: Citrus Annual
• 2008 Japón: Estudio de Mercado sobre Textil Hogar
• 2009 Mercado de pieles curtidas y confección en piel en Japón
• 1993 Questions and Answers on Government Procurement Contracts: Guide to the Government Procurement Market of Japan
• 2001 Duty and Quota Free Market Access for LDCs: An Analysis of Quad Initiatives
• 2002 Agriculture and Trade Liberalisation: Extending the Uruguay Round Agreement
• 2011 Guidebook for Export to Japan: Alcoholic Beverages
• 2011 - Fruit Juices. Marketing Guidebook for Major Imported Products Guidebook for Export to Japan: Soft Drinks
• 2011 Guidebook for Export to Japan: Cereals
• 2011 Guidebook for Export to Japan: Vegetables, Fruits and Processed Products
• 2011 Guidebook for Export to Japan: Nuts
• 2011 Guidebook for Export to Japan: Seafood and Processed Products
• 2011 - Building Stones; Tiles. Marketing Guidebook for Major Imported Products Guidebook for Export to Japan: Building Stones and Tiles
• 2011 Guidebook for Export to Japan: Essential Oils
• 2011 Guidebook for Export to Japan: Health Foods and Dietary Supplements
• 2010 High-Growth Enterprises : What Governments Can Do to Make a Difference
• 2004 - Okamoto J, ed. Trade Liberalization and APEC
• 2008 Perfil de la Industria Paraguaya de Software
• 2009 Characteristics of Malaysia’s Animal Feed Market
• 2014 Perspectives on Global Development 2014: Boosting Productivity to Meet the Middle-Income Challenge
• 2010 Mobilizing Aid for Trade for SPS-Related Technical Cooperation in the Greater Mekong Sub-Region
• 2010 Leather Garments in the EU
• 2006 Overview of the Current State of Organic Agriculture in Kenya, Uganda and the Republic of Tanzania and the Opportunities for Regional Harmonization
• 2007 Export Diversification and Value Addition for Human Development : Addressing the Impact of the Agreement on Textiles and Clothing Expiration on Cambodia
• 2006 - Ruffing, Lorraine Deepening Development Through Business Linkages
• 2012 OECD Economic Surveys: Chile
• 2005 - Magder, D Egypt after the Multi-Fiber Arrangement: Global Apparel and Textile Supply Chains as a Route for Industrial Upgrading
• 2006 Bangladesh: Furniture Export Market Sector Brief
• 2006 - Boutou, Olivier Management de la sécurité des aliments : De l’HACCP à l’ISO 22000
• 2006 Trading up : Economic Perspectives on Development Issues in the Multilateral Trading System
• 2004 Perfiles de mercado para productos bolivianos en los mercados de Argentina, Brasil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, México, Paraguay, Perú, Uruguay y Venezuela
• 2010 Vietnam: Oilsseeds and Products
• 2007 Organic Farming in the Czech Republic: 2007 Yearbook
• 2007 - Gibbon P; Bolwig S Economics of Certified of Organic Farming in Tropical Africa: A Preliminary Assessment
• 2006 The Relationship of Third-party Certification (TPC) to Sanitary / Phytosanitary (SPS) Measures and the International Agri-Food Trade: Case Study: Guatemala- with Emphasis on Food Safety
2007 - Ismail F Mainstreaming Development in the WTO : Developing Countries in the Doha Round
2009 Market Report. Focus on the Nordic Market - Fresh Fruit and Vegetables
2001 - Karlöf, Bengt Benchmarking : Good Examples as a Lever for Development
2003 - Martin W; Pangestu M, eds. Options for Global Trade Reform : A View from the Asia-Pacific
2010 L'industrie sri lankaise du textile-habillement
2000 - Hauber, Christiane Formation, Prevention & Determination of Cr (VI) in Leather
2013 Economic and Business Review for Central and South-Eastern Europe
2006 - Gebreselassie Fanta, Elias Does Value Addition at Oilseed Production and/or Spreading the Gain from Export of Oilseed Products Increase the Income of Primary Producers?
2010 - Pannier J Recueil de jurisprudence douanière (1990-2010)
2002 - Beswick R; Dunn DJ Plastics in Packaging : A RAPRA Market Report
2006 Doubling Aid : Making the Big Push Work
2006 Determining 'likeness' under the GATS : Squaring the Circle?
2014 Africa Investor
2007 Libéralisation des échanges de services et développement du tourisme
2007 Offre de Emballage en Afrique de l'ouest
2008 An Overview of the Mobile Phone Banking Industry
2007 Sixth World Congress on Seafood Safety, Quality and Trade
2007 - Wood, Aileen A Comprehensive Library Staff Training Program in the Information Age
2005 - [s.n] The Science of Shrinkage Control : An Interactive Guide to Improved Shrinkage Performances
2011 Libéralisation du transport aérien en Afrique
2012 - Wollenberg E; , eds. Climate Change Mitigation and Agriculture
2009 - Novogratz J The Blue Sweater: Bridging the Gap Between Rich and Poor in an Interconnected World
2011 - Cadot O Impact Evaluation of Trade Interventions : Paving the Way
2011 - Banerjee A V; Duflo E Poor Economics : A Radical Rethinking of the Way to Fight Global Poverty
2014 Edible Nuts in Turkey
2011 Perfil de Frutas Tropicales Frescas y Procesadas en Chile
2011 Germany: Product Brief Fresh Fruits
2010 - Reilly D, Reilly A, Lewis J Towards an Australian Date Industry: An overview of the Australian domestic and international date industries
2011 Feasibility Study for a Cotton Spinning Mill in 11 [Eleven] Sub-Saharan African Countries
2011 Foro Público de la OMC
2011 - Cooksey B The Investment and Business Environment for Export Horticulture in Northern Tanzania
2011 Potential Supply Chains in the Textiles and Clothing Sector in South Asia : An Exploratory Study
2011 - Macrory P; Stephenson S Making Trade in Services Supportive of Development in Commonwealth Small and Low-income Countries
2012 - Fold, Niels; Whitfield, Lindsay Developing a Palm Oil Sector: the Experiences of Malaysia and Ghana Compared
2011 Opportunities for Trade in Services of Canada
2011 - Bartels L; Goodison P EU Proposal to End Preferences of 18 African and Pacific States : An Assessment
2011 India and Latin America and the Caribbean : Opportunities and Challenges in Trade and Investment Relations
2009 Information Management Resource Kit: Web 2.0 and Social Media for Development
2013 Human Resource Management
2011 - Goswami A G; , eds. Exporting Services : A Developing Country Perspective
2011 Guides de bonnes pratiques produits phytosanitaires pour la culture des piments (Capsicum Frutescens, Capsicum Annuum, Capsicum Chinense) et poivrons (Capsicum Annuum)
2008 Guides de bonnes pratiques produits phytosanitaires pour la mangue (Mangifera indica) issue de la production biologique
2010 Financial Services in Agriculture Value Chain Report : A Study of Five Kenyan Sub-Sectors namely Potato, Dairy, Coffee, Extensive Livestock and Domestic Horticulture
2014 Human Relations
2008 Romania: Organic Agriculture

ITC by country - Japan
2011 A Profile of the South African Mango Market Value Chain
2008 Poland - Organic Products: Certification and Subsidies to Domestic Production
2007 - Greene, W Emergence of India's Pharmaceutical Industry and Implications for the U.S. Generic Drug Market
2007 - Liapis, Peter S. Preferential Trade Agreements: How Much Do They Benefit Developing Economies?
2007 Environment and Regional Trade Agreements
2006 Bulgaria: Organic Products
2006 Lithuania: Organic Products - Organic Farming in Lithuania
2008 Marché de la maroquinerie à Hong Kong
2007 - Warnholz, Jean-Louis Poverty Reduction for Profit?: A Critical Examination of Business Opportunities at the Bottom of the Pyramid
2007 OECD Economic Surveys: Ukraine Economic Assessment
2008 - Tait, N The Bulgarian Clothing Industry - One year on from accession
2010 China: Organics Report
2007 - S. Murphy Confronting the Real Challenges: Where next for the Doha Negotiations on Agriculture?
2008 Sector del calzado en el Reino Unido
2007 - Draper, Peter EU-Africa Trade Relations: The Political Economy of Economic Partnership Agreements
2013 Executive Brief: Cotton Sector
2007 - R.S. Sastre Electronic Commerce in the Pharmaceutical Industry
2006 Marché de la chaussure et de la maroquinerie en Allemagne
2010 Stratégie sectorielle pour la promotion et la valorisation de la gomme arabique au Burkina Faso: 2011-2016
2007 - Klingebiel, Stephan, ed. Africa Agenda for 2007: Suggestions for the German G8 and EU Council Presidencies
2007 EU's Footprint in the South: Does European Community Development Cooperation make a Difference for the Poor?
2007 - Osakwe P N Foreign Aid, Resources and Export Diversification in Africa: A New Test of Existing Theories
2013 Executive Brief: Tea Sector
2011 Analysis of the Cashew Value Chain in Senegal and The Gambia
2011 Fruits et légumes Bio - Les chiffres clefs de 2009
2011 Clothing and Footwear Sector in New Zealand
2007 Building Linkages for Competitive and Responsible Entrepreneurship: Innovative Partnerships to Foster Small Enterprise, Promote Economic Growth and Reduce Poverty in Developing Countries
2007 - Bekafi, Tamara Tanzania: Lessons in Building Linkages for Competitive and Responsible Entrepreneurship
2007 - Bekafi, Tamara Viet Nam: Lessons in Building Linkages for Competitive and Responsible Entrepreneurship
2006 Trade and Gender in Bangladesh: A Legal and Regulatory Analysis
2006 Marché de la chaussure en Croatie
2006 Marché de la chaussure en Finlande
2010 Market Brief. Focus on the Swedish Market - Rice and Pulses
2008 Market Brief. Focus on the Swedish Market - Small Leather Products
2006 Burundi: Expanding External Trade and Investment
2008 Philippines Leather Goods
2013 East Asia and Pacific Newsletter
2010 EU Market for Iron and Steel Valve Castings
2010 Coffee, Tea and Cocoa Market in the EU
2008 Aid for Trade: Sharing the Benefits of Trade
1999 - Collier P Trade Shocks in Developing Countries. - Vol. 1: Africa
1999 - Collier P Trade Shocks in Developing Countries. - Vol. 2: Asia and Latin America
2014 Turkish Fabric Industry
2005 Tourism Market Trends: Europe
2013 Journal of African Economies
2004 - Keating M, ed. Gender, Development and Trade
2003 Skills for Development
6.1.3 Selected online information sources

- EC Plaza Network
- Tariffs and Rules of Origin in APEC Member Economies (WebTR)
- Asia-Studies
- OECD Publications = Publications de l'OCDE
- 2000 Japan Yellow Pages
- Asia Market Research Dot Com
- OECD Broadband Portal
- Aid for Trade
- Japan Wine and Spirits Importers' Association
- Network of Networks for Impact Evaluation (NONIE)
- Tokyo Chamber of Commerce and Industry - International Business Opportunities (IBO)
- APEC Competition Policy and Law Database
- International Development Association of the Furniture Industry in Japan
- Japan Organic Cotton Association
- Japan Jewellery Association (JJA)
- Japan Customs
- Japan External Trade Organization - Market Reports
- Philippines. National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA)
- export-japan.com
- Asociación de Organizaciones de Productores Ecológicos de Bolivia
- Japan Chamber of Commerce and Industry (JCCI)
- SourceOECD
- DAC Network on Poverty Reduction (POVNET)
- Fashion in Japan
- Bureau van Dijk (BvD) Suite
- Corporación de Exportadores de El Salvador (COEXPORT)
- Macau Trade and Investment Promotion Institute (IPIM)
Malta External Trade Corporation (METCO)
Mauritius Chamber of Commerce and Industry (MCCI)
Instituto Nacional de Estadística, Geografía e Informática (INEGI)
Banco Nacional De Comercio Exterior (BANCOMEXT)
International Trade Administration (ITA) - U.S. Department of Commerce
Agri-Food Trade Service (ATS)
Business Curaçao
Cyberspace Curaçao - Business & Economy
New Zealand Trade and Enterprise
Lebanon.com
Sindex of Lebanon
International Finance Corporation (IFC)
Department of Standards of Malaysia
Malaysian Timber Council (MTC)
Malaysia Trade and Industry Portal
Malaysia External Trade Development Corporation (MATRADE)
Islamic Development Bank (IDB)
Info-Prod Research
Canada - Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade (DFAIT)
Trade Development Authority of Pakistan (TDAP)
Lahore Chamber of Commerce & Industry (LCCI)
Seckin Net
Turkey. Undersecretariat of Foreign Trade
# 6.2 Trade Contacts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Official Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
<th>Fax Number</th>
<th>Email</th>
<th>Website</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Japan Packaging Institute</td>
<td>10F, Togeki Bldg.</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 3 35431189</td>
<td>+81 3 35438970</td>
<td><a href="mailto:pack@jpi.or.jp">pack@jpi.or.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.jpi.or.jp">www.jpi.or.jp</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan Banana Importers' Association</td>
<td>Zenkyoren Bldg 5F</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 3-55774765</td>
<td>+81 3 9060</td>
<td><a href="mailto:info@banana.co.jp">info@banana.co.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.banana.co.jp">www.banana.co.jp</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan Association of International Publications</td>
<td>c/o U.P.S.</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 3 54797269</td>
<td>+81 3 54797307</td>
<td><a href="mailto:office@japen.jp">office@japen.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.jaip.jp/en/">http://www.jaip.jp/en/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cosmetics Importers Association of Japan</td>
<td>301, Roppongi Sun Heights</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81-3-5439-5320</td>
<td>+81-3-5439-5321</td>
<td><a href="mailto:info@ciaj.gr.jp">info@ciaj.gr.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.ciaj.gr.jp">www.ciaj.gr.jp</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan Electronic Products Importers Association</td>
<td>KDX SHINJUKU-GYOEN BLDG</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 3 33557619</td>
<td>+81 3 32259060</td>
<td><a href="mailto:info@jepia.gr.jp">info@jepia.gr.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.jepia.gr.jp">www.jepia.gr.jp</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan Paper Importers' Association</td>
<td>Kami-Parupu Kaikan Bldg</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 3 32484831</td>
<td>+81 3 32484834</td>
<td><a href="mailto:info@jpefa.or.jp">info@jpefa.or.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.jpeta.or.jp">www.jpeta.or.jp</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Rubber Trade Association of Japan</td>
<td>Kyodo-Bldg. (Kodenma-Cho) 9th Fl.</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 (0) 3 36661460/1469</td>
<td>+81 (0) 3 36688462/9629</td>
<td><a href="mailto:rtaj@oregano.ocn.ne.jp">rtaj@oregano.ocn.ne.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.rtaj.gr.jp/">http://www.rtaj.gr.jp/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sporting Goods Importers Association of Japan</td>
<td>Misaki Bldg, 9F, 3-28-9 Kanda</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 3 32192532</td>
<td>+81 3 32192533</td>
<td><a href="mailto:jaspo_sg@xwh.biglobe.ne.jp">jaspo_sg@xwh.biglobe.ne.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.jaspo.org">http://www.jaspo.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AFAS Certification Center</td>
<td>Toyoseimaiki Building</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 335 697370</td>
<td>+81 335 697369</td>
<td><a href="mailto:info@afaqqseq.com">info@afaqqseq.com</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.afaqseq.co.jp">www.afaqseq.co.jp</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASAC NPO</td>
<td>3-3-17, Zenkunen</td>
<td>Iwate</td>
<td>+81 196 053345</td>
<td>+81 196 053346</td>
<td><a href="mailto:axis-asac@7.dion.ne.jp">axis-asac@7.dion.ne.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.axis-asac.net">www.axis-asac.net</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Association of Certified Organic Hokkaido NPO</td>
<td>Asahi bldg. 3F</td>
<td>Hokkaido</td>
<td>+81 166 201717</td>
<td>+81 11 7373050</td>
<td>acoh@d 8.dion.ne.jp</td>
<td><a href="http://www.acohorga.or.jp">www.acohorga.or.jp</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chiba Agriculture Association</td>
<td>4-13-28 Cyuo</td>
<td>Chiaba</td>
<td>+81 432 229400</td>
<td>+81 432 023105</td>
<td><a href="mailto:caa@plum.ocn.ne.jp">caa@plum.ocn.ne.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.caa.japan.jp">www.caa.japan.jp</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ehime Organic Agricultural Association</td>
<td>5-4-2 Goshinyashikicho</td>
<td>Ethime</td>
<td>+81 898 222434</td>
<td>+81 898 222434</td>
<td><a href="mailto:aiyuyen@alto.ocn.ne.jp">aiyuyen@alto.ocn.ne.jp</a></td>
<td>www12.ocn.ne.jp/~aiyuke/n</td>
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<tr>
<td>Environmental Preservation Rice Network</td>
<td>JA bldg. 5F, 1-10-6-3 Kamisugi, Miyagi</td>
<td>Miyagi</td>
<td>+81 202 617348</td>
<td>+81 202 617348</td>
<td><a href="mailto:okome@epfnetwork.org">okome@epfnetwork.org</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.epfnetwork.org/okome">www.epfnetwork.org/okome</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Gifu Prefecture</td>
<td>2-1-1 Yabutaminami, Gifu-shi</td>
<td>Gifu</td>
<td>+81 582 721111</td>
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<td><a href="mailto:webmaster@pref.gifu.lg.jp">webmaster@pref.gifu.lg.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.pref.gifu.lg.jp">www.pref.gifu.lg.jp</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Hiroshima Environment &amp; Health Association</td>
<td>9-1 Hiroseki-machi, Hiroshima</td>
<td>Hiroshima</td>
<td>+81 822 931514</td>
<td>+81 822 931520</td>
<td><a href="mailto:webmaster@kanhokyo.or.jp">webmaster@kanhokyo.or.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.kanhokyo.or.jp">www.kanhokyo.or.jp</a></td>
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<td>Hyogoken Organic Agriculture Association</td>
<td>7-28-33 Nakayamadori,</td>
<td>Hyogo</td>
<td>+81 783 678</td>
<td>+81 783 578</td>
<td><a href="mailto:hyoyukenn@mb.t.kisweb.ne.jp">hyoyukenn@mb.t.kisweb.ne.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.kisweb.ne.jp/hyoyuku/en">www.kisweb.ne.jp/hyoyuku/en</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>I.C.S. Japan, Inc</td>
<td>4-5-17 Chigasaki-higashi</td>
<td>Kanagawa</td>
<td>+81 459 494</td>
<td>620</td>
<td><a href="mailto:info@pure-foods.co.jp">info@pure-foods.co.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.pure-foods.co.jp">www.pure-foods.co.jp</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International Organic Technical Association NPO</td>
<td>1-29-2 Jiccyaku, Urazoe-shi</td>
<td>Okinawa</td>
<td>+81 989 421</td>
<td>911</td>
<td><a href="mailto:organic@world.interq.or.jp">organic@world.interq.or.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.interq.or.jp/world/organic/">www.interq.or.jp/world/organic/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Ishikawa Prefecture</td>
<td>1-1 Kuratsuki, Kanazawa-shi</td>
<td>Ishikawa</td>
<td>+81 762 251</td>
<td>623</td>
<td><a href="mailto:e130500b@pref.shikishikawa.jp">e130500b@pref.shikishikawa.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.pre.f.shikawa.jp">www.pre.f.shikawa.jp</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Japan Grain Inspection Association</td>
<td>15-6 Kabutocho</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 33 668 09 11</td>
<td>+81 47 356 87 14</td>
<td><a href="mailto:yunyu-hed@koken.or.jp">yunyu-hed@koken.or.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.koken.or.jp">www.koken.or.jp</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Jinenjo no Kai, NPO</td>
<td>1099-1 Kawasiri</td>
<td>Shizuoka</td>
<td>+81 548 331</td>
<td>830</td>
<td><a href="mailto:gioscor@rapid.ocn.ne.jp">gioscor@rapid.ocn.ne.jp</a></td>
<td>www9.oc.ne.jp/~jinen21</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kagoshima Organic Agriculture Association</td>
<td>2-1-4, Nishida</td>
<td>Kagoshima</td>
<td>+81 99 258 33 74</td>
<td>+81 99 258 22 04</td>
<td><a href="mailto:koaa@k.oaa.or.jp">koaa@k.oaa.or.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.koaa.or.jp">www.koaa.or.jp</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Nagasaki Food Hygiene Association</td>
<td>3640-3 Kakenomoto Kouda-go</td>
<td>Nagasaki</td>
<td>+81 95 883 68 30</td>
<td>+81 95 883 69 81</td>
<td><a href="mailto:JDR05453@nifty.ne.jp">JDR05453@nifty.ne.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://homepage3.nifty.co.jp/nagasaki-akai-sk">http://homepage3.nifty.co.jp/nagasaki-akai-sk</a></td>
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<td>Nippon Total Science, Inc.</td>
<td>399-46 Minamioka</td>
<td>Hiroshima</td>
<td>+81 84 981 01 81</td>
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<td><a href="mailto:syokuhin@ntsc.co.jp">syokuhin@ntsc.co.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.nts.co.jp">www.nts.co.jp</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Oita Yuki Nogyo Kenkyu-kai NPO</td>
<td>15-23 higashi-Kasugamachi</td>
<td>Oita</td>
<td>+81 97 538 72 93</td>
<td>+81 97 538 72 93</td>
<td><a href="mailto:oitayuki@po.d-b.ne.jp">oitayuki@po.d-b.ne.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.d-b.ne.jp/oi.tayuki/">www.d-b.ne.jp/oi.tayuki/</a></td>
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<td>Organic Agriculture Certification association</td>
<td>1-23-19 Esakacyo</td>
<td>Osaka</td>
<td>+81 6 633 008 23</td>
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<td><a href="mailto:yuukinin@apricot.ocn.ne.jp">yuukinin@apricot.ocn.ne.jp</a></td>
<td>www2.ocn.ne.jp/~organic</td>
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<td>Organic Certification Center (The Hokunoukai Foundation)</td>
<td>Mihiro-bldg. 5F, 2 Kita-nijyonishi</td>
<td>Hokkaido</td>
<td>+81 11 242 22 85</td>
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<td><a href="mailto:hoarc@orion.ocn.ne.jp">hoarc@orion.ocn.ne.jp</a></td>
<td>www7.ocn.ne.jp/~hoarc</td>
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<tr>
<td>Organic Corp Improvement Association</td>
<td>4-21-7, Shimbashi</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 3 573 322 67</td>
<td>+81 3 573 322 68</td>
<td><a href="mailto:info@oci-a.jp.com">info@oci-a.jp.com</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.oci-a.jp.com">www.oci-a.jp.com</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Organic Farming Promotion Association</td>
<td>YS building.102</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 3 594 023 13</td>
<td>+81 3 594 023 14</td>
<td><a href="mailto:yusuiyko@aurora.ocn.ne.jp">yusuiyko@aurora.ocn.ne.jp</a></td>
<td>www3.ocn.ne.jp/~yusuiyko</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tottori Prefecture</td>
<td>1-220, Higashi-machi</td>
<td>Tottori</td>
<td>+81 857 267 257</td>
<td>+81 857 268 115</td>
<td><a href="mailto:nousei@pref.tottori.jp">nousei@pref.tottori.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.pref.tottori.jp/nousei/">www.pref.tottori.jp/nousei/</a></td>
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<td>Wakayama Organic Certified Association (WOCA)</td>
<td>1-6-4 Nishitakamatsu</td>
<td>Wakayama</td>
<td>+81 73 421 65 45</td>
<td>+81 73 421 65 45</td>
<td><a href="mailto:woca@aw.ne.jp">woca@aw.ne.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.va.w.ne.jp/aso/woca/">www.va.w.ne.jp/aso/woca/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Zenkoku Ainou Kai</td>
<td>692-3 Befu</td>
<td>Mie</td>
<td>+81 595 520 108</td>
<td>+81 595 520 109</td>
<td><a href="mailto:honbu@ainou.or.jp">honbu@ainou.or.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.ainou.or.jp">www.ainou.or.jp</a></td>
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<td>Japan External Trade Organization</td>
<td>Ark Mori Building</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 3 35825770</td>
<td>+81 3 35827376</td>
<td><a href="mailto:webinfo@jetro.go.jp">webinfo@jetro.go.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.jetro.go.jp">http://www.jetro.go.jp</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Kyoto Chamber of Commerce and Industry</td>
<td>Karasuma Ebisugawa</td>
<td>Kyoto</td>
<td>+81 75 2126450</td>
<td>+81 75 2550428</td>
<td><a href="mailto:kyoto@kyo.or.jp">kyoto@kyo.or.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.kyo.or.jp/kyoto/e/">http://www.kyo.or.jp/kyoto/e/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Osaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry</td>
<td>2-8, Hommachibashi</td>
<td>Osaka</td>
<td>+81 6 69446400</td>
<td>+81 6 69446248</td>
<td><a href="mailto:somu@sapporo-cci.or.jp">somu@sapporo-cci.or.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.osaka-cci.or.jp">http://www.osaka-cci.or.jp</a></td>
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<td>Sapporo Chamber of Commerce and Industry</td>
<td>Kita 1, Nishi 2</td>
<td>Sapporo</td>
<td>+81 11 2311122</td>
<td>+81 11 2311078</td>
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<td>Japan Chamber of Commerce and Industry</td>
<td>3-2-2, Marunouchi</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 3 32837851</td>
<td>+81 3 32166497</td>
<td><a href="mailto:info@jcci.or.jp">info@jcci.or.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.jcci.or.jp/home-e.html">http://www.jcci.or.jp/home-e.html</a></td>
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<td>Tokyo Chamber of Commerce and Industry</td>
<td>3-2-2, Marunouchi</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 3 32837523</td>
<td>+81 3 32166497</td>
<td><a href="mailto:intldiv@tokyo-cci.or.jp">intldiv@tokyo-cci.or.jp</a></td>
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<td>Yokohama Foreign Trade Association</td>
<td>1-1, Kaigandori</td>
<td>Yokohama</td>
<td>+81 45 2110282</td>
<td>+81 45 2110285</td>
<td><a href="mailto:yokoboh@iris.or.jp">yokoboh@iris.or.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.ktpc.or.jp">http://www.ktpc.or.jp</a></td>
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<td>Japan Machine Tools Importers' Association</td>
<td>1-2-18 Toranomon, Minato-ku,</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81 3 3501 5030</td>
<td>+81 3 3501 5040</td>
<td><a href="mailto:info@jmtia.gr.jp">info@jmtia.gr.jp</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.jmtia.gr.jp">http://www.jmtia.gr.jp</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Japan Wines and Spirits Importers' Association</td>
<td>N°1 Tentoku Bldg</td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+813 35036505</td>
<td>+813 3503650</td>
<td><a href="mailto:otoiaawase@youshu-yunyu.org">otoiaawase@youshu-yunyu.org</a></td>
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