

ITC by Country Report

Liechtenstein
05/12/2014



Table of Contents

1. Country / Territory Brief

2. People and Economy

2.1 People

2.2 Economy

3. Trade Performance

3.1 General Trade Performance

3.2 Sector Trade Performance

4. Trade Strategy and Policy

4.1 Trade and Development Strategies

4.2 Domestic and Foreign Market Access

4.3 Trade Facilitation

4.4 Business and Regulatory Environment

4.5 Infrastructure

5. ITC and the Country/Territory

5.1 ITC Projects

5.2 Events

5.3 ITC Contacts

6. Trade Information Sources and Contacts

6.1 Trade Information Sources

6.2 Trade Contacts

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1. Country / Territory Brief



ITC aims to assist Liechtenstein in creating sustainable trade linkages with the developing world by sourcing good quality products from these growing export markets. This page contains trade performance and investment data as well as highly innovative trade flow trends and analysis specially developed by ITC. This country page also makes use of ITC's LegaCarta tool, which offers a country-specific analysis of the global multi-lateral rules impacting cross-border trade. You can also find information relating to the organizations working in Liechtenstein dedicated to assisting Liechtensteiner importers of goods and services from the developing world as well as those organisations hoping to assist developing-country exporters who wish to sell their product or service in Liechtenstein.

2. People and Economy

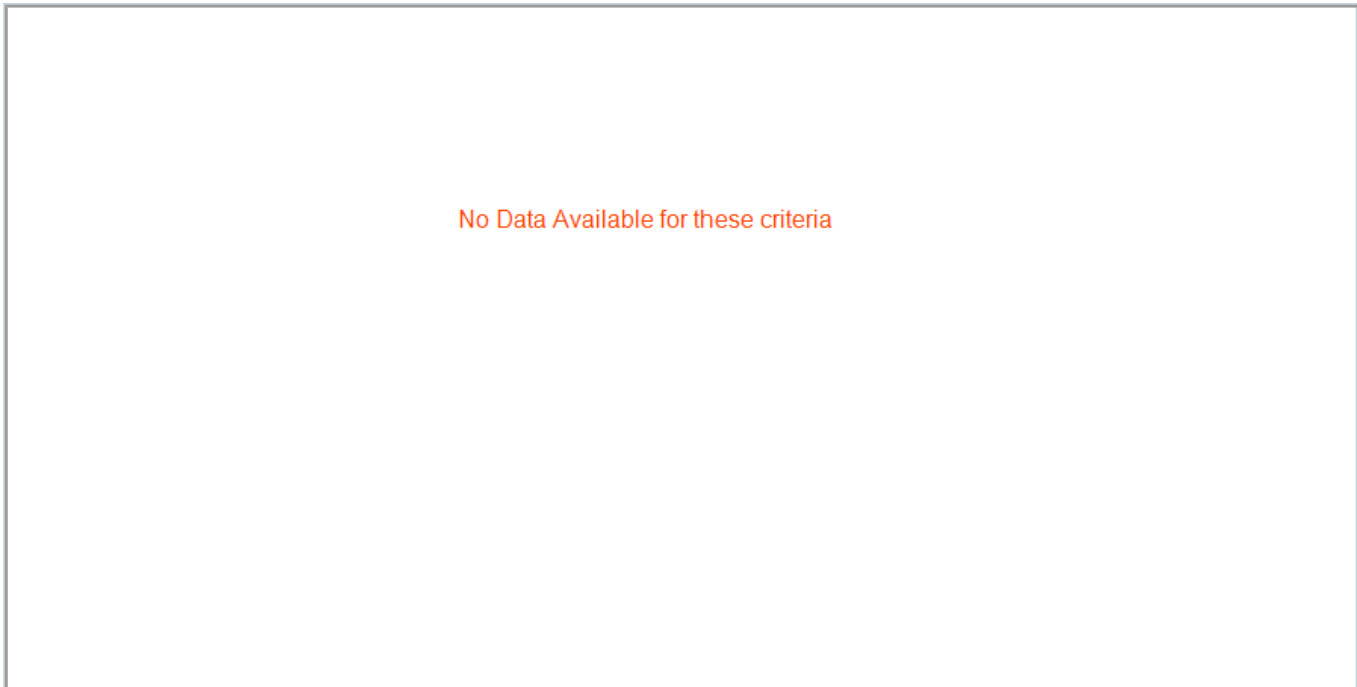
2.1 People

2.2 Economy

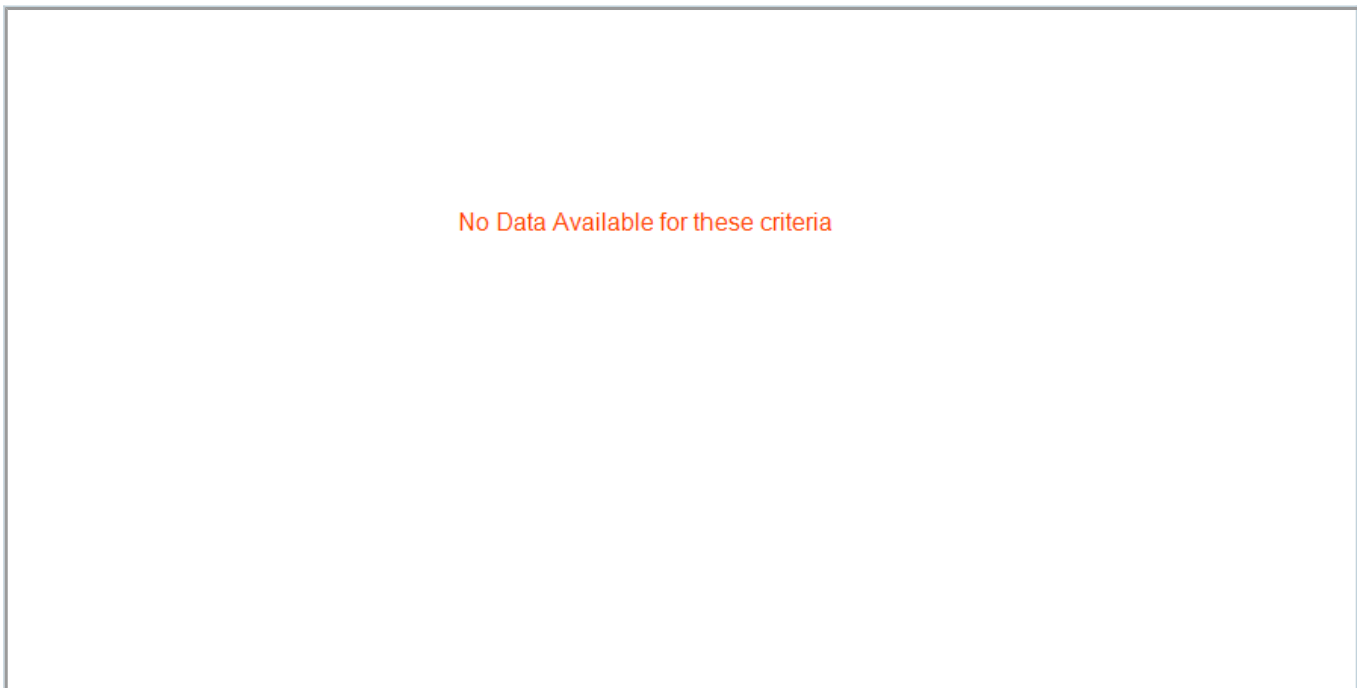
3. Trade Performance

3.1 General Trade Performance

3.1.1 Evolution of Trade Ratio to GDP - Goods



3.1.2 Evolution of Trade Ratio to GDP - Services



3.1.3 Evolution of Total Trade



3.1.4 Trade Map



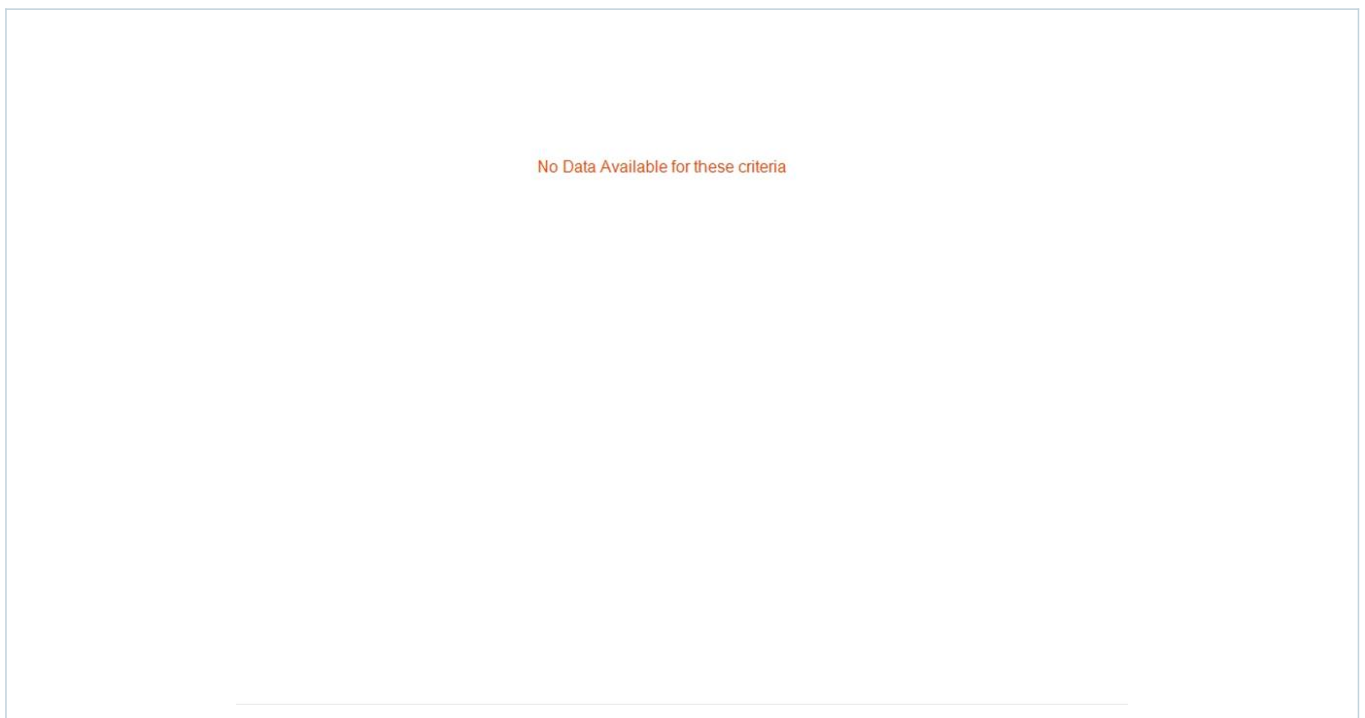
3.1.5 Export and Import by Leading Destination - Export



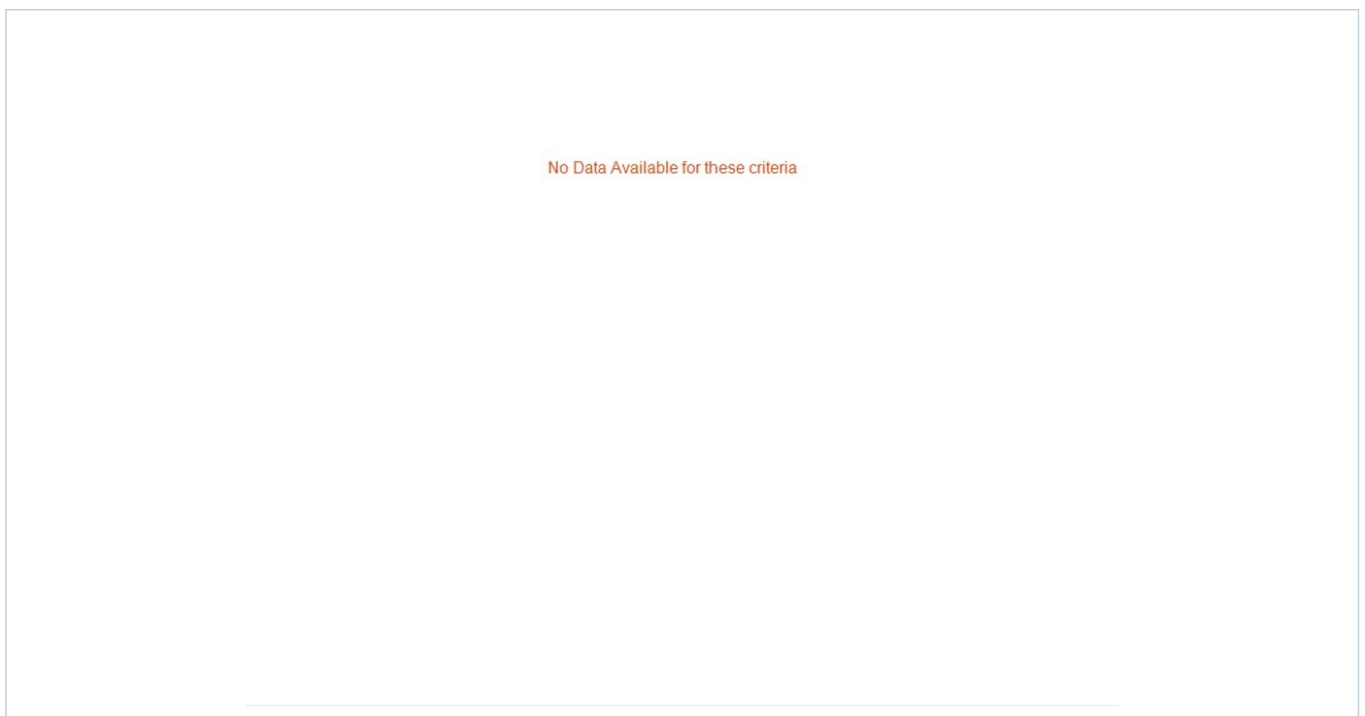
3.1.6 Export and Import by Leading Destination - Import



3.1.7 Evolution of Exports and Imports by Destination - Export



3.1.8 Evolution of Exports and Imports by Destination - Import



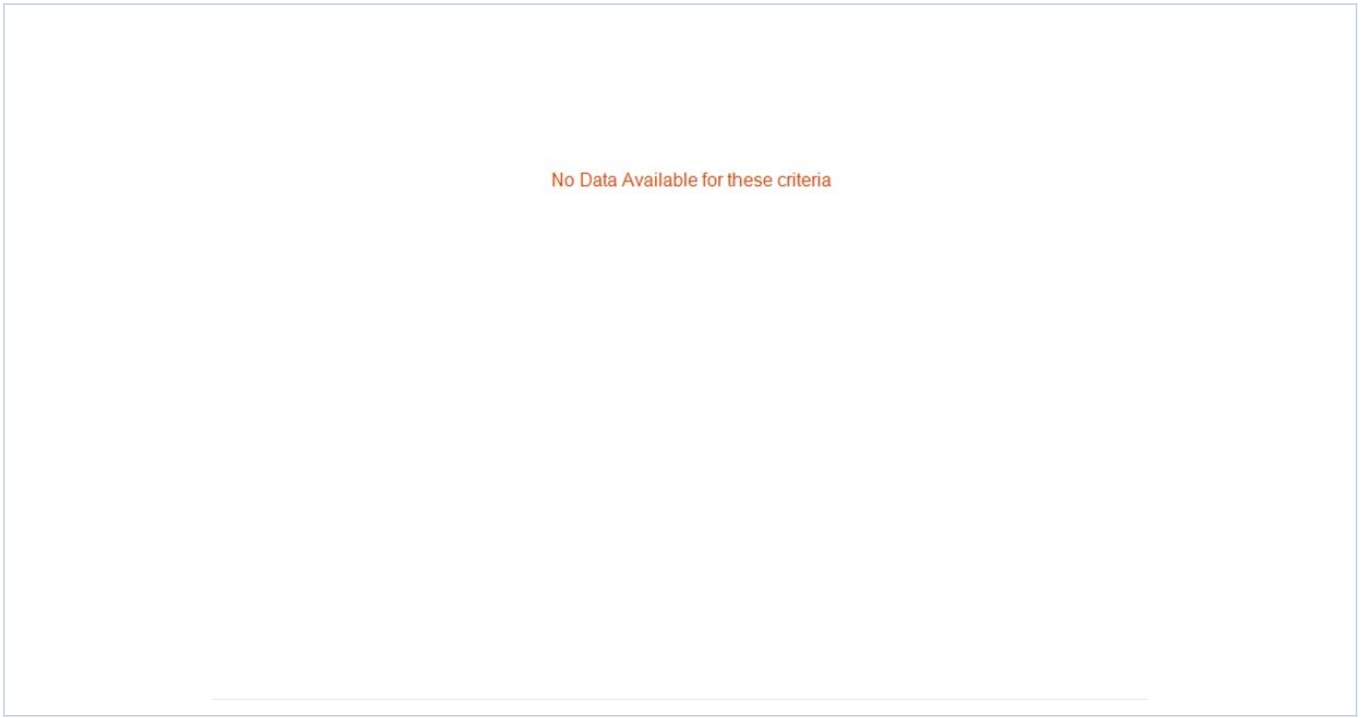
3.1.9 Composition of Trade in Services - Export

No Data Available for these criteria

3.1.10 Composition of Trade in Services - Import

No Data Available for these criteria

3.1.11 Evolution of FDI



3.2 Sector Trade Performance

3.2.1 Sectoral Diversification in Products - Export



3.2.2 Sectoral Diversification in Products - Import



3.2.3 Sectoral Diversification in Destinations - Export



3.2.4 Sectoral Diversification in Destinations - Import



3.2.5 Sectors by World Demand - Export

Growth of national supply and international demand
for the products exported by Liechtenstein in 2013

No data available for Liechtenstein



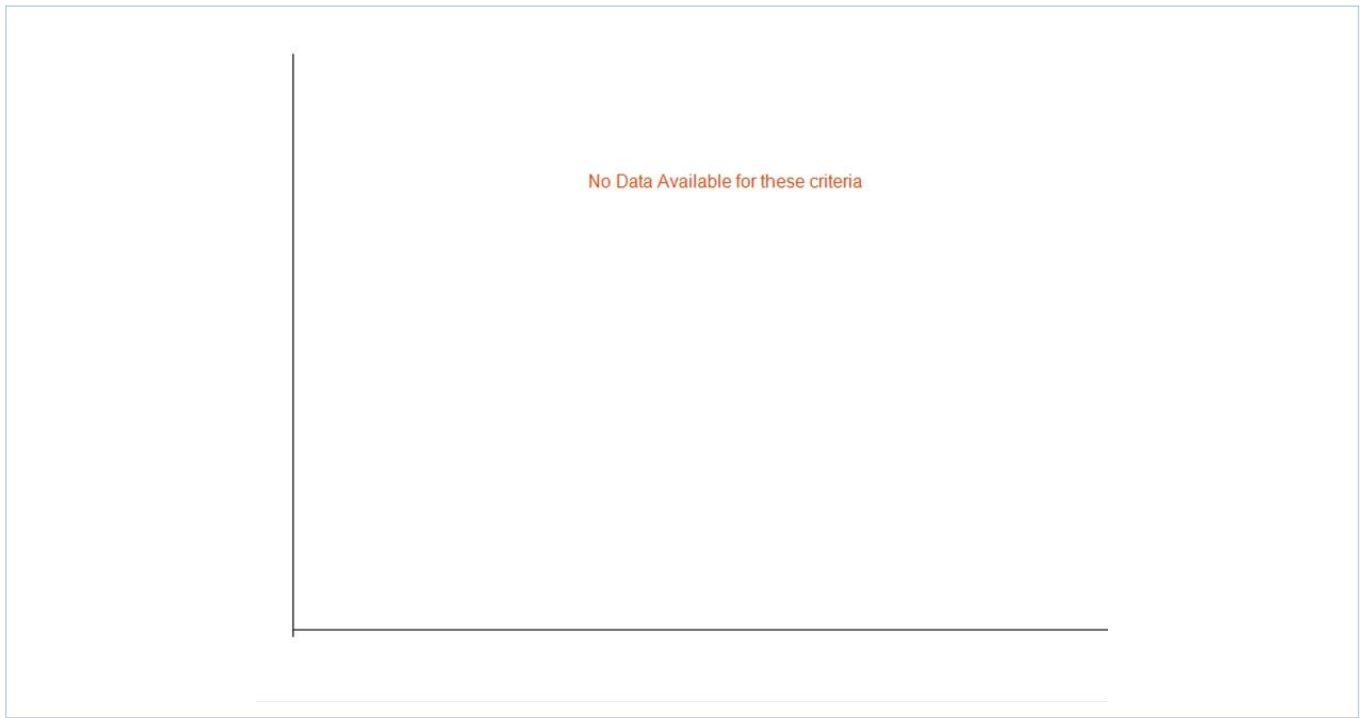
3.2.6 Sectors by World Demand - Import

Growth of national demand and international supply
for the products imported by Liechtenstein in 2013

No data available for Liechtenstein



3.2.7 Trade Performance Index



4. Trade Strategy and Policy

4.1 Trade and Development Strategies

4.2 Domestic and Foreign Market Access

Overview: Trade Policy and Business Environment

INDICATOR, UNITS	RANK/132	SCORE
Domestic Market Access <i>The pillar assesses the level and complexity of a country's tariff protection as a result of its trade policy. This component includes the effective trade-weighted average tariff applied by a country, the share of goods imported duty free and the complexity of the tariff regime, measured through tariff variance, the prevalence of tariff peaks and specific tariffs, and the number of distinct tariffs.</i>	46	4.89
Foreign Market Access <i>The pillar assesses tariff barriers faced by a country's exporters in destination markets. It includes the average tariffs faced by the country as well as the margin of preference in destination markets negotiated through bilateral or regional trade agreements or granted in the form of trade preferences.</i>	97	1.92
Tariff rate (%) <i>This indicator is calculated as a trade-weighted average of all the applied tariff rates, including preferential rates that a country applies to the rest of the world. The weights are the trade patterns of the importing country's reference group (2012 data). An applied tariff is a customs duty that is levied on imports of merchandise goods.</i>	5	0.84
Complexity of tariffs , index 1-7 (best) <i>This indicator is calculated as the average of the following indicators: Tariff dispersion, Specific tariffs and Number of distinct tariffs. See description of each individual indicator for more details. Prior to averaging, values for each indicator were transformed to a 1–7 score, using the min-max method.</i>	110	3.08
Tariffs dispersion (standard deviation) <i>This indicator reflects differences in tariffs across product categories in a country's tariff structure. The variance is calculated across all the tariffs on imported merchandise goods, at the 6-digit level of the Harmonized Schedule.</i>	55	8.36
Tariffs peaks (%) <i>This indicator is the ratio of the number of tariff lines exceeding three times the average domestic tariff (across all products) to the MFN (most-favoured nation) tariff schedule. The tariff schedule is equal to the total number of tariff lines for each country. These tariffs are revised on a yearly basis.</i>	104	10.63
Specific tariffs (%) <i>This indicator is the ratio of the number of Harmonized System (HS) tariff lines, with at least one specific tariff, to the total number of HS tariff lines. A specific tariff is a tariff rate charged on fixed amount per quantity (as opposed to ad valorem)</i>	107	11.01
Number of distinct tariffs <i>This indicator reflects the number of distinct tariff rates applied by a country to its imports across all sectors.</i>	109	1755.00
Share of duty-free imports (%) <i>Share of trade, excluding petroleum, that is imported free of tariff duties, taking into account MFN tariffs and preferential agreements. Tariff data is from 2013 or most recent year available and imports data is from 2012</i>	42	65.38
Tariffs faced (%) <i>This indicator is calculated as the trade-weighted average of the applied tariff rates, including preferential rates that the rest of the world applies to each country. The weights are the trade patterns of the importing country's reference group (2012 data). A tariff is a customs duty that is levied by the destination country on imports of merchandise goods</i>	73	5.47
Index of margin of preference in destination markets, 0-100 (best) <i>This indicator measures the percentage by which particular imports from one country are subject to lower tariffs than the MFN rate. It is calculated as the average of two components: 1) the trade-weighted average difference between the MFN tariff and the most advantageous preferential duty (advantage score), and 2) the ratio of the advantage score to the trade-weighted average MFN tariff level. This allows capturing both the absolute and the relative margin of preference.</i>	96	9.14

Source : [World Economic Forum, Global Enabling Trade Report 2014](#)

4.3 Trade Facilitation

4.4 Business and Regulatory Environment

Multilateral Trade Instruments

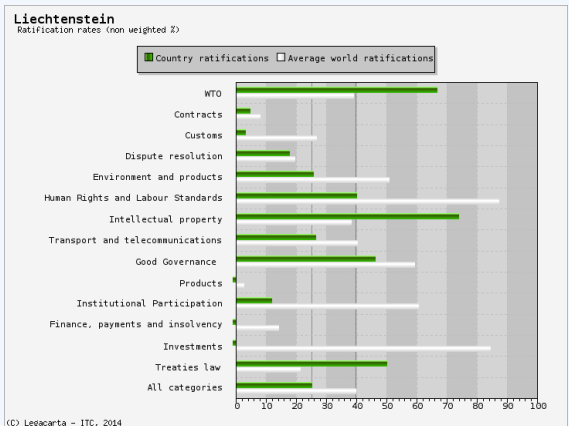
Abstract

The *Trade Treaties Map* tool is a web-based system on multilateral trade treaties and instruments designed to assist trade support institutions (TSIs) and policymakers in optimizing their country's legal framework on international trade

Instrument ratified :	67 / 266 instruments		
Ratification rate :	25.2%		
Weighted score :	32.7/100		
		Ratification Rate Rank	Weighted Score Rank
In World :		160 / 193	165 / 193
In Region :	Europe	42/ 45	42/ 45
In Development level :	Developed country	26/ 29	26/ 29

Graph

Presents a visual illustration breaking down a country's ratification level according to various categories and compares it to the world average.



Instruments ratified

[Click here for a full list and more details about these multi-lateral trade instruments](#)

4.5 Infrastructure

Indicator	Value	Rank/148
Quality of overall infrastructure <i>How would you assess general infrastructure (e.g., transport, telephony, and energy) in your country? [1 = extremely underdeveloped—among the worst in the world; 7 = extensive and efficient—among the best in the world] 2012–13 weighted average.</i>	13	5.56
Quality of roads <i>How would you assess roads in your country? (1 = extremely underdeveloped; 7 = extensive and efficient by international standards) 2010, 2011.</i>	16	5.79
Quality of railroad infrastructure <i>How would you assess the railroad system in your country? (1 = extremely underdeveloped; 7 = extensive and efficient by international standards) 2010, 2011.</i>	12	5.04
Quality of port infrastructure <i>How would you assess port facilities in your country? (1 = extremely underdeveloped; 7 = well-developed and efficient by international standards). For landlocked countries, this measures the ease of access to port facilities and inland waterways 2010, 2011.</i>	25	5.40
Quality of air transport infrastructure <i>How would you assess passenger air transport infrastructure in your country? (1 = extremely underdeveloped; 7 = extensive and efficient by international standards) 2010, 2011.</i>	28	5.59
Individuals using Internet (%) <i>Internet users are people with access to the worldwide network.</i>	24	145.36
Mobile telephone subscriptions/100 pop <i>According to the World Bank, mobile cellular telephone subscriptions are subscriptions to a public mobile telephone service using cellular technology, which provides access to switched telephone technology. Postpaid and prepaid subscriptions are included. This can also include analogue and digital cellular systems but should not include non-cellular systems. Subscribers to fixed wireless, public mobile data services, or radio paging services are not included.</i>	6	92.00
Fixed broadband Internet subscriptions/100 pop: <i>The International Telecommunication Union considers broadband to be any dedicated connection to the Internet of 256 kilobits per second or faster, in both directions. Broadband subscribers refers to the sum of DSL, cable modem and other broadband (for example, fiber optic, fixed wireless, apartment LANs, satellite connections) subscribers.</i>	12	32.40
Source: World Economic Forum, Global Enabling Trade Report 2014		

5. ITC and the Country/Territory

5.1 ITC Projects

5.1.1 Current projects

No Current Projects Found!

5.1.2 Recent projects

No Recent Projects Found!

5.2 Events

5.2.1 Upcoming events

No data

5.2.2 Recent events

No data

5.3 ITC Contacts

6. Trade Information Sources and Contacts

6.1 Trade Information Sources

This section provides a list of country specific print and online publications on trade-related topics, including both ITC and external sources.

6.1.1 ITC publications

6.1.2 Selected printed information sources

- [1999 Trader's ABC: A Trade Facilitation Manual](#)
- [2007 - Fundira T The SACU-EFTA Agreement : Current Trading Relationship and Implications](#)
- [1990 Clés de la certification et de l'accréditation en Europe = Keys to Certification and Accreditation in Europe](#)
- [2012 EFTA Bulletin](#)
- [1994 Trader's ABC](#)
- [2011 The Organic Market in Europe: Overview and Market Access Information](#)
- [2013 Trade Policy Review : Switzerland and Liechtenstein](#)

6.1.3 Selected online information sources

- [Organic-Europe](#)

6.2 Trade Contacts

Official Name	Address	City	Phone Number	Fax Number	Email	Website
Liechtenstein Chamber of Commerce and Industry	Altenbach 8	Vaduz	423 2375511	423 2375512	info@lcci.li	http://www.lcci.li