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Singapore is located in South Eastern Asia, between Malaysia and Indonesia. Singapore’s imports are largely composed of electronic components, machinery, chemicals, and manufactured goods. The country exports high value added products such as electronics, fuels, and chemicals its main import partners are China, Malaysia, the United States, South Korea, Japan and Indonesia. Singapore is a member of World Trade Organisation (WTO) and of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN).
## 2. People and Economy

### 2.1 People

| **Total population (growth rates per annum)** | 4,839,400 in 2012 with growth rates of 2.4% p.a during 2008-2012 |
| **Population density (people per sq. km of land area)** | 6,913 in 2012 |
| **Female population** | 50.6% in 2012 |
| **Population below 15 years of age** | 16.5% in 2008 ; 18.1% in 2012 |
| **Urban population** | 100.0% in 2012 |
| **Population living below $1.25 a day at purchasing power parity (PPP)** | NA |
| **Ranking in the Human Development Index (HDI)** | 18 out of 186 in 2012 |

**Evolution of the Human Development Index (HDI)**

![Human Development Index Graph]

Source: United Nations Development Programme Human Development Indicators

Note: The Human Development Index measures the overall development of a nation and ranges from 0 (low level of development) to 1 (highest level of development). The United Nations Development Programme (http://hdr.undp.org) provides a detailed explanation. ITC Regional group refers to ITC definition.

**Health**

| | Life expectancy at birth (years) (82); Mortality rate, under-5 (per thousand live births) (2.9) in 2012 |

**Education**

| | Education index - expected and mean years of schooling (rank) ( 47 out of 191) in 2012 |

**Income level**

| | GNI per capita in PPP terms (constant 2005 international $) (52,708) in 2012 |

**Inequality**

| | NA |

**Poverty**

| | NA |

**Gender**

| | Gender inequality index (rank) (136 out of 191) in 2012 |

**Sustainability**

| | NA |
2.2 Economy

Added value per sector (current US$ and % of GDP)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector added value</th>
<th>2004</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>US $</td>
<td>%GDP</td>
<td>US $</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industry</td>
<td>34046</td>
<td>32.8</td>
<td>44911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing</td>
<td>28581</td>
<td>27.5</td>
<td>34819</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>69666</td>
<td>67.1</td>
<td>124499</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: World Bank World Development Indicators (WDI)

Note: Added value is US$ terms are expressed in million, GDP US$, and "6,976 to be read 6'976"

Evolution of GDP (constant 2005 US$)

Source: World Bank World Development Indicators (WDI)

Note: ITC calculations based on the World Bank WDI

Evolution of GDP per capita (constant 2005 US$)

Source: World Bank World Development Indicators (WDI)

Note: ITC calculations based on the World Bank WDI
Aid Dependency
(Official Development Assistance/Gross National Income)

Source: World Bank World Development Indicators (WDI)

Note: ITC calculations based on the World Bank WDI. Regional group refers to ITC definition
3. Trade Performance

3.1 General Trade Performance

3.1.1 Evolution of Trade Ratio to GDP - Goods

3.1.2 Evolution of Trade Ratio to GDP - Services
3.1.3 Evolution of Total Trade

Evolution of the total import and export of goods of Singapore

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Import</th>
<th>Export</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>373,210</td>
<td>410,463</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>376,722</td>
<td>408,392</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>385,770</td>
<td>409,503</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>310,790</td>
<td>361,866</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>245,784</td>
<td>269,832</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.1.4 Trade Map

List of importing markets for a product exported by Singapore in 2013
Product: TOTAL - All products

Share in Singapore’s exports, %

- N.A.
- $<1$
- 1 - 5%
- 5 - 10%
- 10 - 20%
3.1.5 Export and Import by Leading Destination - Export

![Graph showing prospects for market diversification for products exported by Singapore in 2013. The graph illustrates the share of partner countries in Singapore's exports as of 2013, and the annual growth of partner country imports from Singapore.](image)

3.1.6 Export and Import by Leading Destination - Import

![Graph showing prospects for market diversification for products imported by Singapore in 2013. The graph illustrates the share of partner countries in Singapore's exports as of 2013, and the annual growth of partner country imports from Singapore.](image)
3.1.7 Evolution of Exports and Imports by Destination - Export

3.1.8 Evolution of Exports and Imports by Destination - Import
3.1.9 Total Export Growth

Source: ITC, calculations based on ITC’s Trade Competitiveness Map data. Note: Graph shows decomposition of the country’s export growth in value terms by diversification pattern over the indicated period.

3.1.10 Marginal Export Growth

Source: ITC, calculations based on ITC’s Trade Competitiveness Map data. Note: Graph shows decomposition of the country’s export growth in value by structural driving effects over the indicated period. Values are in US$ thousands.
3.1.11 Composition of Trade in Services - Export

List of services exported by Singapore

3.1.12 Composition of Trade in Services - Import

List of services imported by Singapore
3.1.13 Evolution of FDI

Evolution of FDI inflow in Singapore as % of GDP

Source: ITC based on World Bank ICDI.

ITC by country - Singapore
### 3.2 Sector Trade Performance

#### 3.2.1 Sectoral Diversification in Products - Export

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Average share of sector in country's exports 2009-2013</th>
<th>Share of top 3 detailed products (HS6) in sector's exports</th>
<th>Sector's leading exported product HS6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Electronic components</td>
<td>26.3 %</td>
<td>68.9 %</td>
<td>854290 Electronic integrated circuits (incl. such as processors, controllers)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minerals</td>
<td>18.1 %</td>
<td>93.0 %</td>
<td>271010 Other petroleum oils and preparations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemicals</td>
<td>12.7 %</td>
<td>23.6 %</td>
<td>100445 Medicaments, nes, in dosage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-electronic machinery</td>
<td>8.8 %</td>
<td>45.1 %</td>
<td>843040 Parts and accessories of presses, copying machines and similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT &amp; consumer electronics</td>
<td>8.8 %</td>
<td>58.9 %</td>
<td>841720 Parts and accessories of automatic data processing machines and units thereof</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unclassified products</td>
<td>8.2 %</td>
<td>99.1 %</td>
<td>100910 Commodities not elsewhere specified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous manufacturing</td>
<td>7.4 %</td>
<td>25.9 %</td>
<td>140210 Wood, bamboo, invisibles, wood charcoal, bulk wood, cork, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport equipment</td>
<td>3.5 %</td>
<td>60.7 %</td>
<td>110210 Aircraft parts nos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic manufactures</td>
<td>2.8 %</td>
<td>14.5 %</td>
<td>160210 Nickel, unalloyed, not alloyed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Processed food</td>
<td>2.1 %</td>
<td>27.8 %</td>
<td>121040 Food preparations nos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Animal food</td>
<td>0.6 %</td>
<td>26.0 %</td>
<td>020290 Cocoa, powder, not containing added sugar or other confectionery matters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wood products</td>
<td>0.4 %</td>
<td>46.7 %</td>
<td>481110 Paper and paperboard, surface-coloured, surface-decorated printed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clothing</td>
<td>0.3 %</td>
<td>17.3 %</td>
<td>540740 Parts of garments or of clothing accessories nos, of тек тек tex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Textiles</td>
<td>0.2 %</td>
<td>25.8 %</td>
<td>540340 Synthetic filament yarn, single, unwound or in thread</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leather products</td>
<td>0.2 %</td>
<td>42.5 %</td>
<td>560520 Handbags or outer surface of shoeing of plastics or of textile materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: 1. Figures are rounded to the nearest whole number.
2. HS codes refer to the revision 2007.

#### 3.2.2 Sectoral Diversification in Products - Import

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Average share of sector in country's imports 2009-2013</th>
<th>Share of top 3 detailed products (HS6) in sector's imports</th>
<th>Sector's leading imported product HS6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minerals</td>
<td>39.5 %</td>
<td>39.1 %</td>
<td>271010 Other petroleum oils and preparations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electronic components</td>
<td>21.0 %</td>
<td>67.9 %</td>
<td>854290 Electronic integrated circuits (excl. such as processors, controllers)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-electronic machinery</td>
<td>9.5 %</td>
<td>27.3 %</td>
<td>843040 Parts and accessories of presses, copying machines and similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT &amp; consumer electronics</td>
<td>8.2 %</td>
<td>51.1 %</td>
<td>841720 Parts and accessories of automatic data processing machines and units thereof</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemicals</td>
<td>6.9 %</td>
<td>16.6 %</td>
<td>540110 Chemical compounds chem elem in the form of disc, wafer, etc., except made of precious metals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous manufacturing</td>
<td>6.4 %</td>
<td>10.6 %</td>
<td>713120 Articles of jewelry,urf thereof or prec met w/ plated/cased prec met</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic manufactures</td>
<td>4.9 %</td>
<td>15.1 %</td>
<td>700210 Nickel, unalloyed, not alloyed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport equipment</td>
<td>5.8 %</td>
<td>64.1 %</td>
<td>880210 Aircraft parts nos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unclassified products</td>
<td>2.7 %</td>
<td>98.6 %</td>
<td>999990 Commodities not elsewhere specified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Processed food</td>
<td>2.2 %</td>
<td>22.6 %</td>
<td>220290 Sedic acid derived from esters of oleic acid or of derivatives of fatty acids</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Animal food</td>
<td>1.5 %</td>
<td>16.5 %</td>
<td>230120 Rice, semi-milled or wholly milled, whether or not polished or degermed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wood products</td>
<td>0.4 %</td>
<td>17.2 %</td>
<td>480230 Uncolored paper and paperboard, of a kind used for writing or printing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clothing</td>
<td>0.4 %</td>
<td>15.4 %</td>
<td>613430 Garnments, nes, of man-made fibres, knitted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leather products</td>
<td>0.4 %</td>
<td>32.9 %</td>
<td>630520 Handbags or outer surface of leather</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Textiles</td>
<td>0.3 %</td>
<td>13.8 %</td>
<td>501210 Woven fabrics, containing 85% of polyester staple fibres or more</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: 1. Figures are rounded to the nearest whole number.
2. HS codes refer to the revision 2007.
3.2.3 Sectoral Diversification in Destinations - Export

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Sector's import growth in value (% p.a.) 2009-2013</th>
<th>Share of top 3 supplying countries in sector's imports</th>
<th>List of the top 3 supplying countries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minerals</td>
<td>18.1 %</td>
<td>30.6 %</td>
<td>Japan ; China ; Malaysia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leather products</td>
<td>16.3 %</td>
<td>52.2 %</td>
<td>Indonesia ; Malaysia ; Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Processed food</td>
<td>16.1 %</td>
<td>34.5 %</td>
<td>Malaysia ; China ; Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wood products</td>
<td>16.8 %</td>
<td>47.4 %</td>
<td>Indonesia ; Malaysia ; Viet Nam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minerals</td>
<td>14.8 %</td>
<td>43.1 %</td>
<td>Indonesia ; Hong Kong (SARC) ; Malaysia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemicals</td>
<td>13.2 %</td>
<td>20.9 %</td>
<td>China ; Malaysia ; Indonesia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unclassified products</td>
<td>13.2 %</td>
<td>34.1 %</td>
<td>Panama ; China ; Hong Kong (SARC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electronic components</td>
<td>10.9 %</td>
<td>48.3 %</td>
<td>Hong Kong (SARC) ; China ; Malaysia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport equipment</td>
<td>8.2 %</td>
<td>25.3 %</td>
<td>United States of America ; China</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic manufactures</td>
<td>7.5 %</td>
<td>52.6 %</td>
<td>Indonesia ; Malaysia ; China</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh food</td>
<td>7.2 %</td>
<td>29.3 %</td>
<td>Malaysia ; China ; United States of America</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-electronic machinery</td>
<td>6.8 %</td>
<td>38.6 %</td>
<td>Indonesia ; Malaysia ; United States of America</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Textiles</td>
<td>6.5 %</td>
<td>57.7 %</td>
<td>Indonesia ; China ; Thailand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clothing</td>
<td>5.8 %</td>
<td>68.1 %</td>
<td>Indonesia ; Malaysia ; Indonesia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT &amp; communicable electronics</td>
<td>2.3 %</td>
<td>37.1 %</td>
<td>United States of America ; Indonesia</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: ITC Trade Competitiveness Map.

3.2.4 Sectoral Diversification in Destinations - Import

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Sector's import growth in value (% p.a.) 2009-2013</th>
<th>Share of top 3 supplying countries in sector's imports</th>
<th>List of the top 3 supplying countries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minerals</td>
<td>18.3 %</td>
<td>30.2 %</td>
<td>Saudi Arabia ; Malaysia ; Qatar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leather products</td>
<td>17.6 %</td>
<td>62.9 %</td>
<td>China ; France ; Italy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wood products</td>
<td>14.7 %</td>
<td>54.0 %</td>
<td>Malaysia ; China ; Indonesia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Processed food</td>
<td>14.6 %</td>
<td>42.8 %</td>
<td>Malaysia ; France ; Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemicals</td>
<td>14.6 %</td>
<td>41.0 %</td>
<td>United States of America ; Japan ; France</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clothing</td>
<td>14.5 %</td>
<td>55.7 %</td>
<td>China ; Malaysia ; Indonesia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous manufacturing</td>
<td>13.9 %</td>
<td>43.8 %</td>
<td>United States of America ; China ; Malaysia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electronic components</td>
<td>10.7 %</td>
<td>47.5 %</td>
<td>Malaysia ; Taiwan, Province of China</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh food</td>
<td>8.3 %</td>
<td>42.0 %</td>
<td>Malaysia ; Indonesia ; Australia</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.2.5 Sectors by World Demand - Export

Growth of national supply and international demand for the products exported by Singapore in 2013

3.2.6 Sectors by World Demand - Import

Growth of national demand and international supply for the products imported by Singapore in 2013

ITC by country - Singapore
3.2.7 Trade Performance Index

![Trade Performance Index of Singapore](chart.png)

**Source:** ITC Trade Competitiveness Map

**Note:** The figures displayed on the bars correspond to the country’s global rankings among other countries that export the same category of products. The current index and change in market share index are the world country ranking for the sector under review. Only sectors with more than 1% share are considered.
## 4. Trade Strategy and Policy
### 4.1 Trade and Development Strategies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Strategy name</th>
<th>Sector</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>A Lively and Liveable Singapore <em>The plan aims at ensuring sustainable and long-term development</em></td>
<td><strong>Clean Technologies</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The plan aims at ensuring sustainable and long-term development in Singapore.*
4.2 Domestic and Foreign Market Access

Overview: Trade Policy and Business Environment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INDICATOR, UNITS</th>
<th>RANK/132</th>
<th>SCORE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Market Access</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Market Access</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>3.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tariff rate (%)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complexity of tariffs , index 1-7 (best)</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tariffs dispersion (standard deviation)</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tariffs peaks (%)</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>0.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific tariffs (%)</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>0.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of distinct tariffs</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>7.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share of duty-free imports (%)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>99.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tariffs faced (%)</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Index of margin of preference in destination markets, 0-100 (best)</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>25.32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.3 Trade Facilitation

Logistics Performance Index (LPI): Country Comparison

Source: World Bank, Logistics Performance Index (LPI)

Logistics Performance Index – Evolution

Source: World Bank, Logistics Performance Index (LPI)
4.4 Business and Regulatory Environment

Multilateral Trade Instruments

Abstract

The Trade Treaties Map tool is a web-based system on multilateral trade treaties and instruments designed to assist trade support institutions (TSIs) and policymakers in optimizing their country’s legal framework on international trade.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instrument ratified:</th>
<th>110 / 266 instruments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ratification rate:</td>
<td>41.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weighted score:</td>
<td>52.9/100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ratification Rate Rank</th>
<th>Weighted Score Rank</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In World:</td>
<td>78 / 193</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In Region:</td>
<td>East/South/South-East Asia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In Development level:</td>
<td>Developing country</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Graph

Presents a visual illustration breaking down a country’s ratification level according to various categories and compares it to the world average.

Instruments ratified

Click here for a full list and more details about these multilateral trade instruments.
### 4.5 Infrastructure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Rank/148</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Quality of overall infrastructure How would you assess general infrastructure (e.g., transport, telephony, and energy) in your country?  
[1 = extremely underdeveloped—among the worst in the world; 7 = extensive and efficient—among the best in the world] | 6.15  | 1        |
| Quality of roads How would you assess roads in your country?  
(1 = extremely underdeveloped; 7 = extensive and efficient by international standards) | 6.22  | 7        |
| Quality of railroad infrastructure How would you assess the railroad system in your country?  
(1 = extremely underdeveloped; 7 = extensive and efficient by international standards) | n/a   | n/a      |
| Quality of port infrastructure How would you assess port facilities in your country?  
(1 = extremely underdeveloped; 7 = well-developed and efficient by international standards). For landlocked countries, this measures the ease of access to port facilities and inland waterways | 6.75  | 2        |
| Quality of air transport infrastructure How would you assess passenger air transport infrastructure in your country?  
(1 = extremely underdeveloped; 7 = extensive and efficient by international standards) | 6.75  | 1        |
| Individuals using Internet (%) Internet users are people with access to the worldwide network. | 152.13 | 18       |
| Mobile telephone subscriptions/100 pop  
According to the World Bank, mobile cellular telephone subscriptions are subscriptions to a public mobile telephone service using cellular technology, which provides access to switched telephone technology. Postpaid and prepaid subscriptions are included. This can also include analogue and digital cellular systems but should not include non-cellular systems. Subscribers to fixed wireless, public mobile data services, or radio paging services are not included. | 74.18 | 29       |
| Fixed broadband Internet subscriptions/100 pop:  
The International Telecommunication Union considers broadband to be any dedicated connection to the Internet of 256 kilobits per second or faster, in both directions. Broadband subscribers refers to the sum of DSL, cable modem and other broadband (for example, fiber optic, fixed wireless, apartment LANs, satellite connections) subscribers. | 25.44 | 21       |

5. ITC and the Country/Territory

5.1 ITC Projects

5.1.1 Current projects

No Current Projects Found!

5.1.2 Recent projects

Banker Forum (fr)

Wildlife trade
5.2 Events

5.2.1 Upcoming events
No data

5.2.2 Recent events
No data
### 5.3 ITC Contacts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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</tbody>
</table>
6. Trade Information Sources and Contacts

6.1 Trade Information Sources

This section provides a list of country specific print and online publications on trade-related topics, including both ITC and external sources.

6.1.1 ITC publications

Singapore: Supply and Demand Survey on Pharmaceuticals and Natural Products 2005

Directory of selected online trade information sources with national, international and regional coverage with a particular focus on emerging markets such as China, Croatia, Georgia, Hong Kong, Hungary, India, Iran,....
State of e-Business and Potential for Development in ASEAN Countries

Paper focusing on the status of e-Trade readiness in ASEAN member states (Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Vietnam) - outlines basic e-Trade readiness.

Read more

Export Houses: Their Role in Promoting Exports of Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises in Developing Countries

Study of the role of foreign trade enterprises in export promotion of small-scale industry - discusses operations of trading houses in Japan, Korea R, UK, USA; export problems of small.

Read more


Market study on non-conventional energy equipment and machinery in China, India, Papua New Guinea, Philippines and Singapore. Reviews overall trends in energy consumption and domestic production of energy equipment in.

Read more
The Trade in Southeast Asian Python Skins

Report describing the trade flows of python skins in Southeast Asia and identifying the main points of value addition in the supply chain for the five most heavily traded python...

Read more

Singapore: Supply and Demand Survey on Food Products

Supply and demand survey on food products in Singapore - gives an overview of the Singapore market; examines the food and beverage industry at the global, regional and domestic levels;...

Read more

Demand for Hides, Skins and Leather in Singapore

Market study on hides and skins and leather in Singapore - defines products covered, gives comments and data on production, imports, import prospects to 1983, import policy and procedures, import...

Read more
Jus de fruits: étude de certains marchés d'Asie

Etude de marché sur les jus de fruits à Hong Kong (Reg. Adm. Spec. d'É Chine), au Japon en Coree R et à Singapore. Passe en revue le commerce mondial....

Read more

Jugos de frutas: estudio de determinados mercados de Asia

Estudio sobre el mercado de jugos de fruta en Hong Kong (Reg. Adm. Espec. de China), el Japón, la Corea R y Singapur - proporciona panorama del comercio mundial; para...

Read more

Matériel de production et de transformation pour énergies non classiques. - Vol. II : les perspectives du marché dans certains pays d'Asie

Etude de marché du matériel et des machines pour les énergies non classiques dans les pays suivants: la Chine, l'Inde, la Papouasie-Nouvelle-Guinée, les Philippines et Singapour. Examen des tendances générales....

Read more
Fruit Juices: A Study of Selected Markets in Asia

Market study on fruit juices in Hong Kong (Spec. adm. reg. of China), Japan, Korea R and, Singapore. Gives overview of world trade; for each country reviews supply and demand,...

Read more

Clothing Demand from Emerging Markets: An opportunity for LDC suppliers

Study dealing with emerging fashion retail markets in 'advanced' developing countries - focuses on Brazil, China, India, Malaysia, Singapore and South Africa; for each market provides overall dynamics and economic...

Read more

Exporting Transport and Logistics Services: A Moving Target

Paper presented at ITC Executive Forum: ‘Export of Services: Hype or High Potential? Implications for Strategy-Makers’, Montreux, Switzerland, 5-8 October, 2005 - defines the concept of transport...

Read more
Report on the Pan-Asian Buyers/Sellers meeting on automotive components

Singapore: Supply and Demand Survey on Pharmaceuticals and Natural Products

Supply and demand survey on pharmaceuticals and natural products in Singapore - reviews the pharmaceutical and healthcare market in Singapore through its regulatory framework, quality standards and research and development...

Mobilising Business for a New APEC Services Agenda

APEC Business Advisory Council (ABAC) report on trade in services - maps services business organizations in Asia-Pacific and calls for business to mobilise resources to advance an enhanced APEC policy...

6.1.2 Selected printed information sources

- 2006 - Josupeit H The Market for Nile Perch
- 2012 Trade Policy Review : Singapore
2003 - Toh Mun Heng Economic Contributions of Singapore's Creative Industries
2008 - Mercado de la moda en Singapur
2013 - Philippine Business Report (Department of Trade and Industry)
2004 - Okamoto J, ed. Trade Liberalization and APEC
2007 - Helble, Matthias Transparency and Trade Facilitation in the Asia Pacific: Estimating the Gains from Reform
2007 - Manchin, Miriam; Pelkmans-Balaoinmg Annette O. Rules of Origin and the Web of East Asian Free Trade Agreements
2002 - Small Business and Trade in APEC: A Report Highlighting the Contribution of Medium, Small and Micro Enterprises to the Asia Pacific Region
2003 - Drivers of New Economy in APEC: Innovation and Organizational Practices
2002 - Monetary Cooperation in East Asia: A Survey
1998 - Foreign Direct Investment in Selected Asian Countries: Policies, Related Institution-building and Regional Cooperation
2011 - Annual Report / Association of Southeast Asian Nations
2006 - Mehta R; Narayanan S India's Regional Trading Arrangements
2011 - Yearbook of World Electronics Data. - Vol. 2: America, Japan, Asia Pacific
2005 - Mayer T, Zignago S Market Access in Global and Regional Trade
2003 - U.S.-Singapore Free Trade Agreement: Potential Economywide and Selected Sectoral Effects
2011 - Berry, Ben Agri-Food Regional Profile of ASEAN
2007 - Intal, Ponciano ASEAN Integration in East Asian Integration: Towards the Development of a Private Sector Framework for ASEAN Trade Negotiations
2002 - Pradumna B Rana Monetary and Financial Cooperation in East Asia: The Chiang Mai Initiative and Beyond
2006 - Aggarwal V K; Urata S, eds. Bilateral Trade Agreements in the Asia-Pacific: Origins, Evolution, and Implications
2010 - ASEAN: Regional Trends in Economic Integration, Export Competitiveness, and Inbound Investment for Selected Industries
2010 - Rafaelita M. Aldaba; Gloria O. Pasadilla The ASEAN Services Sector and the Growth Rebalancing Model
1995 - Wilson J S Standards and APEC: An Action Agenda
2008 - Perfil de la Industria Paraguaya de Software
2009 - Characteristics of Malaysia’s Animal Feed Market
2014 - Perspectives on Global Development 2014: Boosting Productivity to Meet the Middle-Income Challenge
2010 - Mobilizing Aid for Trade for SPS-Related Technical Cooperation in the Greater Mekong Sub-Region
2010 - Leather Garments in the EU
2006 - Overview of the Current State of Organic Agriculture in Kenya, Uganda and the Republic of Tanzania and the Opportunities for Regional Harmonization
2007 - Export Diversification and Value Addition for Human Development: Addressing the Impact of the Agreement on Textiles and Clothing Expiration on Cambodia
2006 - Ruffing, Lorraine Deepening Development Through Business Linkages
2012 - OECD Economic Surveys: Chile
2005 - Magder, D Egypt after the Multi-Fiber Arrangement: Global Apparel and Textile Supply Chains as a Route for Industrial Upgrading
2006 - Bangladesh: Furniture Export Market Sector Brief
2006 - Boutou, Olivier Management de la sécurité des aliments: De l’HACCP à l’ISO 22000
2006 - Trading up: Economic Perspectives on Development Issues in the Multilateral Trading System
2004 - Perfiles de mercado para productos bolivianos en los mercados de Argentina, Brasil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, México, Paraguay, Perú, Uruguay y Venezuela
2010 - Vietnam: Oilseeds and Products
2007 - Organic Farming in the Czech Republic: 2007 Yearbook
2007 - Gibbon P; Bolwig S Economics of Certified of Organic Farming in Tropical Africa: A Preliminary Assessment
2006 - The Relationship of Third-party Certification (TPC) to Sanitary / Phytosanitary (SPS) Measures and the International Agri-Food Trade; Case Study: Guatemala- with Emphasis on Food Safety
2007 - Ismail F Mainstreaming Development in the WTO: Developing Countries in the Doha Round
2009 - Market Report. Focus on the Nordic Market - Fresh Fruit and Vegetables
• 2001 - Karlöf, Bengt Benchlearning : Good Examples as a Lever for Development
• 2003 - Martin W; Pangestu M, eds. Options for Global Trade Reform : A View from the Asia-Pacific
• 2010 L'industrie sri lankaise du textile-habillement
• 2000 - Hauber, Christiane Formation, Prevention & Determination of Cr (VI) in Leather
• 2013 Economic and Business Review for Central and South-Eastern Europe
• 2006 - Gebreselassie Fanta, Elias Does Value Addition at Oilseed Production and/or Spreading the Gain from Export of Oilseed Products Increase the Income of Primary Producers?
• 2010 - Pannier J Recueil de jurisprudence douanière (1990-2010)
• 2002 - Beswick R; Dunn DJ Plastics in Packaging : A RAPRA Market Report
• 2006 Doubling Aid : Making the Big Push Work
• 2006 Determining 'likeness' under the GATS : Squaring the Circle?
• 2014 Africa Investor
• 2004 Guidelines on Microfinance : Making Financial Markets Work for the Poor
• 2007 Libéralisation des échanges de services et développement du tourisme
• 2007 Offre de Emballage en Afrique de l'ouest
• 2008 An Overview of the Mobile Phone Banking Industry
• 2007 Sixth World Congress on Seafood Safety, Quality and Trade
• 2007 - Wood, Aileen A Comprehensive Library Staff Training Program in the Information Age
• 2005 - [s.n] The Science of Shrinkage Control : An Interactive Guide to Improved Shrinkage Performances
• 2011 Libéralisation du transport aérien en Afrique
• 2012 - Wollenberg E; , eds. Climate Change Mitigation and Agriculture
• 2009 - Novogratz J The Blue Sweater: Bridging the Gap Between Rich and Poor in an Interconnected World
• 2011 - Cadot O Impact Evaluation of Trade Interventions : Paving the Way
• 2011 - Banerjee A V; Duflo E Poor Economics : A Radical Rethinking of the Way to Fight Global Poverty
• 2014 Edible Nuts in Turkey
• 2011 Perfil de Frutas Tropicales Frescas y Procesadas en Chile
• 2011 Germany: Product Brief Fresh Fruits
• 2010 - Reilly D, Reilly A, Lewis J Towards an Australian Date Industry: An overview of the Australian domestic and international date industries
• 2011 Feasibility Study for a Cotton Spinning Mill in 11 [Eleven] Sub-Saharan African Countries
• 2011 Foro Público de la OMC
• 2011 - Cooksey B The Investment and Business Environment for Export Horticulture in Northern Tanzania
• 2011 Potential Supply Chains in the Textiles and Clothing Sector in South Asia : An Exploratory Study
• 2011 - Macrory P; Stephenson S Making Trade in Services Supportive of Development in Commonwealth Small and Low-income Countries
• 2012 - Fold, Niels; Whitfield, Lindsay Developing a Palm Oil Sector: the Experiences of Malaysia and Ghana Compared
• 2011 Opportunities for Trade in Services of Canada
• 2011 - Bartels L; Goodison P EU Proposal to End Preferences of 18 African and Pacific States : An Assessment
• 2011 India and Latin America and the Caribbean : Opportunities and Challenges in Trade and Investment Relations
• 2009 Information Management Resource Kit: Web 2.0 and Social Media for Development
• 2013 Human Resource Management
• 2011 - Goswami A G; , eds. Exporting Services : A Developing Country Perspective
• 2011 Guides de bonnes pratiques produits phytosanitaires pour la culture des piments (Capsicum Frutescens, Capsicum Annuum, Capsicum Chinense) et poivrons (Capsicum Annuum)
• 2008 Guides de bonnes pratiques phytosanitaires pour la mangue (Mangifera indica) issue de la production biologique
• 2010 Financial Services in Agriculture Value Chain Report : A Study of Five Kenyan Sub-Sectors namely Potato, Dairy, Coffee, Extensive Livestock and Domestic Horticulture
• 2014 Human Relations
• 2008 Romania: Organic Agriculture
• 2011 A Profile of the South African Mango Market Value Chain
• 2008 Poland - Organic Products: Certification and Subsidies to Domestic Production
6.1.3 Selected online information sources

- Tariffs and Rules of Origin in APEC Member Economies (WebTR)
- Asia Regional Information Center
- Singapore Indian Chamber of Commerce and Industry (SICCI)
- Channel NewsAsia
- Asia Market Research Dot Com
- Allworld Exhibitions
- TradeIndonesia.com
- APEC Competition Policy and Law Database
- Singapore, Textile and Fashion Federation
- Philippines, National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA)
- Singapore Economic Development Board (EDB)
- 1997 Singapore Yellow Pages
- Singapore, Ministry of Trade and Industry
- Asian Handicraft Promotion and Development Association (AHPADA)
- Singapore Customs
- ASEAN Federation of Textile Industries (AFTEX)
- Singapore, Association of Small and Medium Enterprises
- Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC)
- Statistics Singapore
- SPRING Singapore (Standards, Productivity and Innovation Board)
- Hub for Business
- ASEAN Auto-Parts Portal
- ASEAN - Standards and Conformance (ACCSQ: ASEAN Consultative Committee on Standards and Conformance)
- INSIS: Facilitating Global Trade
- ASEAN Supporting Industry Database
- Corporación de Exportadores de El Salvador (COEXPORT)
- Macau Trade and Investment Promotion Institute (IPIM)
- Malta External Trade Corporation (METCO)
- Mauritius Chamber of Commerce and Industry (MCCI)
- Instituto Nacional de Estadística, Geografía e Informática (INEGI)
- Banco Nacional De Comercio Exterior (BANCOMEXT)
- International Trade Administration (ITA) - U.S. Department of Commerce
- Agri-Food Trade Service (ATS)
- Business Curaçao
- Cyberspace Curaçao - Business & Economy
- New Zealand Trade and Enterprise
- Lebanon.com
- 5index of Lebanon
## 6.2 Trade Contacts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Official Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
<th>Fax Number</th>
<th>Email</th>
<th>Website</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arts Network Asia</td>
<td>72-13 Mohamed Sultan Road; SG- 239007</td>
<td>Singapore</td>
<td>65 6737 7213</td>
<td>65 6737 7013</td>
<td><a href="mailto:taytong@theatreworks.org.sg">taytong@theatreworks.org.sg</a></td>
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<td>National Arts Council</td>
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<td>65 6533 0867</td>
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<td><a href="http://www.sja.org.sg">http://www.sja.org.sg</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Packaging Council of Singapore</td>
<td>SMA House</td>
<td>Singapore</td>
<td>653388787</td>
<td>653383358</td>
<td><a href="mailto:scihq@sci.org.sg">scihq@sci.org.sg</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.sci.org.sg/sci">www.sci.org.sg/sci</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Singapore Fruits &amp; Vegetable Importers &amp; Exporters Association</td>
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<td>+65 6778 6640</td>
<td><a href="mailto:stfiea@singnet.com.sg">stfiea@singnet.com.sg</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.singaporefarmers.com">www.singaporefarmers.com</a></td>
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<td>Singapore Clock and Watch Trade Association</td>
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<td>+65 63924527</td>
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<td>+65 63376888</td>
<td><a href="mailto:enquiry@iesingapore.gov.sg">enquiry@iesingapore.gov.sg</a></td>
<td><a href="http://www.iesingapore.gov.sg">http://www.iesingapore.gov.sg</a></td>
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